



XINJE

**MA series module**

Operation manual

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## 1. Summarization

### 1.1 Introduction

Xinje MA series modules are expansion of the PLC which are based on Modbus communication protocol and use RS-485 communication port. MA series included expansion I/O modules, analog quantity input or output modules and so on. MA enlarge the application field of the XC series PLC, TP series touch screen, integrated machine and other devices which support Modbus protocol in temperature, flow, liquid level, pressure and other process control systems. It also meets the requests of industry control better.

### 1.2 Module type

Type	Function
MA-8X8YR	8 channels switch quantity input, 8 channels switch quantity output
MA-16X	16 channels switch quantity input
MA-16YR/T	16 channels switch quantity output
MA-4DA	4 channels analog quantity output
MA-4AD	4 channels analog quantity input
MA-8AD-A/V	8 channels analog quantity input
MA-4AD2DA	4 channels analog quantity input, 2 channels analog quantity output
MA-6TC-P	6 channels type K thermocouple temperature control
MA-6PT-P	6 channels PT100 temperature control

### 1.3 Configuration

MA series modules can connect with PLC, HMI, integrated machine and other devices via RS-485 com port, one device can expand 16 MA modules at most. The MA series modules will be seemed as the slave station when Modbus communicating in the control system.

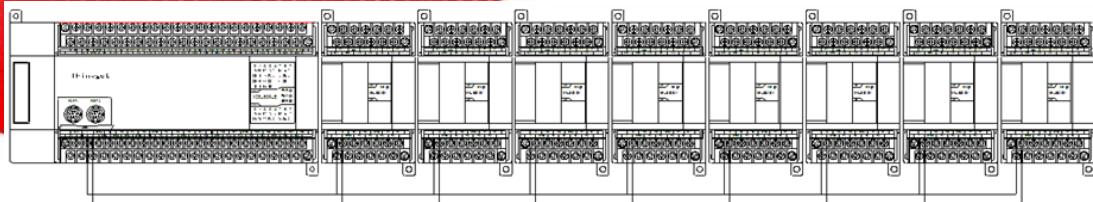
The devices which can be connected with MA are as below:

Xinje XC series PLC

Xinje TP series touch screen

Xinje OP series programmable display screen

Any devices can be seemed as Modbus master station.



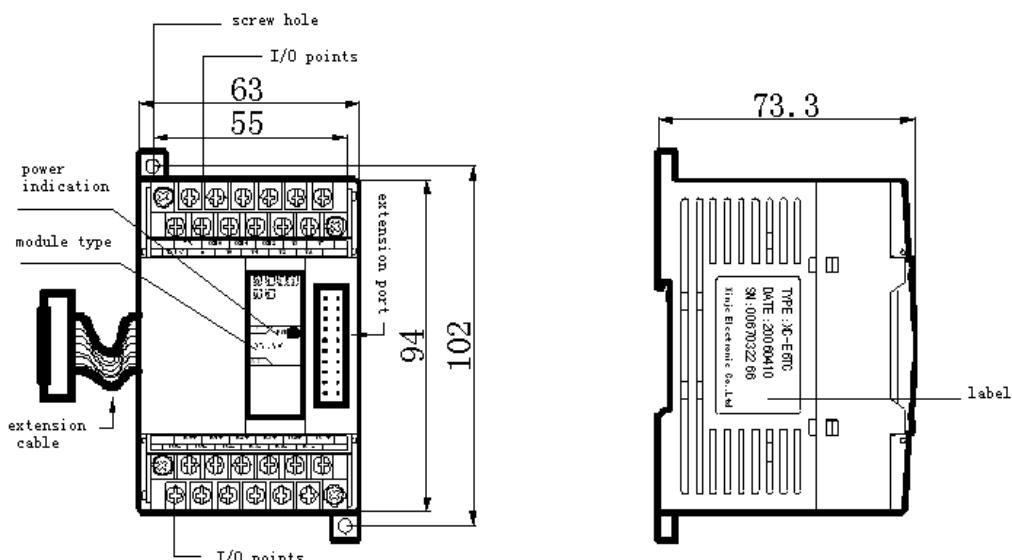
RS-485 communication

- Communication baud rate is set via 2 bits DIP switch.
- Module station number is set via 4 bits DIP switch.

#### 1.4 Specs and dimension

The profile dimension of MA series:

Unit: mm



The module function of each parts:

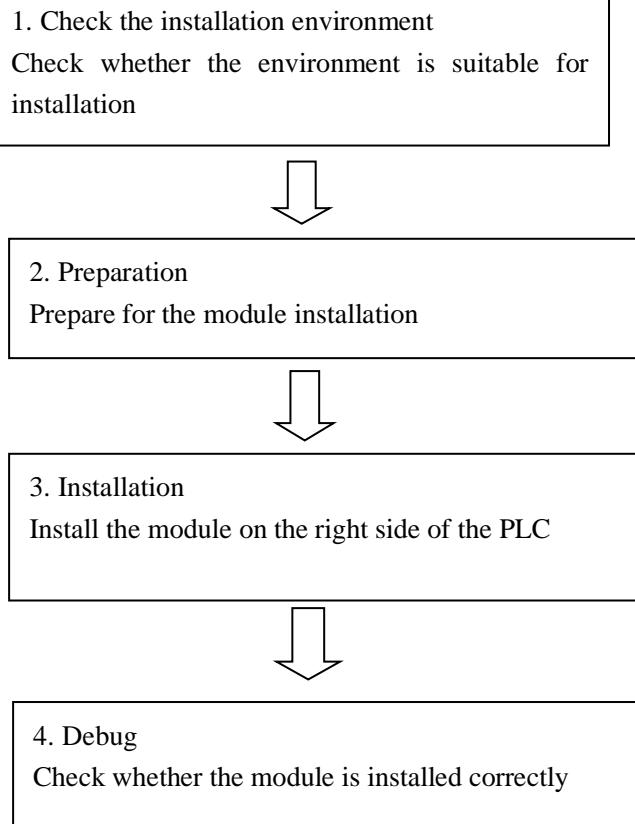
Name	Function
Power supply	Light on when power is turned on
Module type	The type of modules
I/O points	Connect exterior devices
DIN rail pothook	Used for installing the module, pull down the DIN rail pothook when tearing down the modules
Screw hole	Spin the screw(M3) in the hole to install the modules
RS485 COM port	Modbus communication port, point A is RS485 +, point B is RS485 -
Label	Type, date of manufacture and other information

General specs of the modules:

Item	Specs
Power supply	DC24V±10%
Using environment	No causticity gas
Environment	0°C~60°C
Environment	5~95%
Installation	Fix the modules with M3 screw or install on DIN46277 ( width 35mm ) rail
Profile dimension	63mm×102mm×73.3mm

## 1.5 Installation

### 1.5.1 Steps of installation



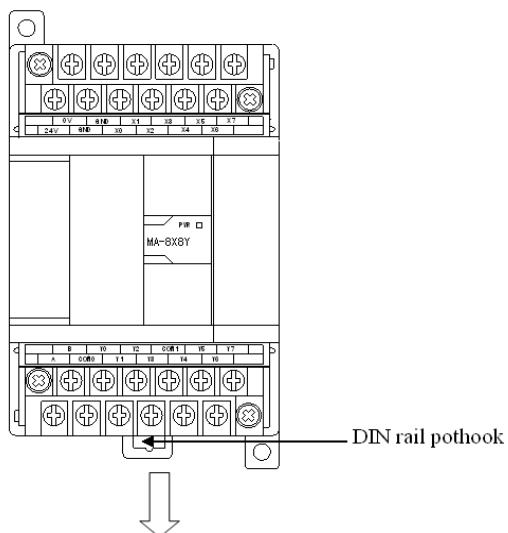
Do not install the module under below environment:

 <p>sunshine</p>	 <p>temperature more than 0-50°C</p>	 <p>humidity more than 35-85% RH</p>
 <p>dew</p>	 <p>causticity and inflammability gas</p>	 <p>dust, salt, iron bits and lampblack</p>
 <p>oscillation and crash</p>	 <p>splash water, oil and medicine</p>	 <p>strong electric or magnetic field</p>

### 1.5.2 Installation requirement

Use DIN46277 rail ( width 35mm ) or M3 screw to install the MA module.

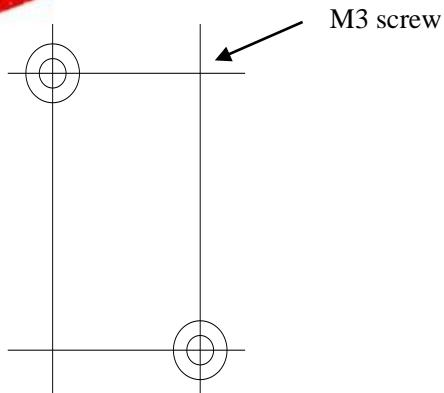
- Use DIN46277 rail



The MA modules can be installed on the DIN46277 rail ( width 35mm ). When uninstalling, pull down the pothook of the DIN rail.

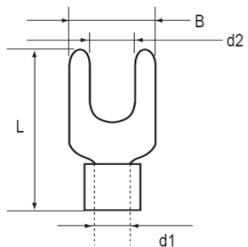
- Installation directly

Screwing into the installation hole with the M3 screw.



### 1.5.3 Layout of the I/O points

- "Y" point



"Y" point dimension:

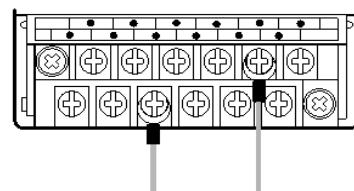
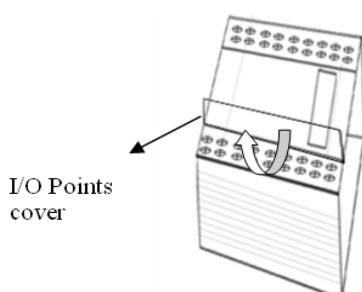
B: below 6mm

L: below 13mm

d2: below 3.2mm

- Layout method

- A. Cut off the power supply
- B. Open the cover of the I/O points
- C. Install the "Y" point onto the I/O points, screwing out the points screw, insert the "Y" point then screw in the points screw
- D. Close the I/O points cover



#### 1.5.4 Notice items

- Confirm the specs and choose the feat module.
- Do not let the wire and cutting bits falling into the module when operating and layout.
- Confirm the specs of the module and device, make sure everything is OK.
- Make sure the connection is steady, if it is loose the data will be incorrect or cause short.



Installation, layout operation should be carried out after cutting down all the power supply!

## 2. Communication parameter setting

MA series modules are based on MODBUS protocol, it can realize the communication between module and related devices via setting the parameters (including baud rate, data bit, stop bit, check bit and communication station numbers).

The baud rate and station numbers of the module can be set via DIP switch.

### 2.1 Baud rate setting

DIP switch	[1 2]	[1 2]	[1 2]	[1 2]
	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF
Baud rate	19200 bps	4800bps	9600bps	57600bps

### 2.2 Station number setting

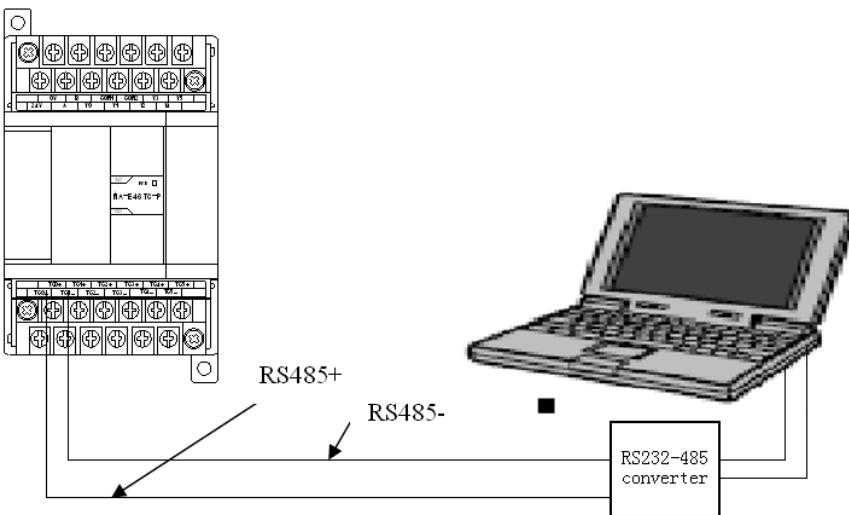
DIP switch	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]
	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF
Station number	No.1	No.2	No.3	No.4
DIP switch	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]
	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF
Station number	No.5	No.6	No.7	No.8
DIP switch	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]
	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF
Station number	No.9	No.10	No.11	No.12
DIP switch	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]	[1 2 3 4]
	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF
Station number	No.13	No.14	No.15	No.16

### 3. Module configuration tool Config

Analog quantity I/O range of MA-4DA, MA-8AD, MA-4AD2DA can be set via MODBUS communication instruction or tool Config. The former is related with address and communication instruction, will be stated in following chapter. Below we will introduce the tool Config.

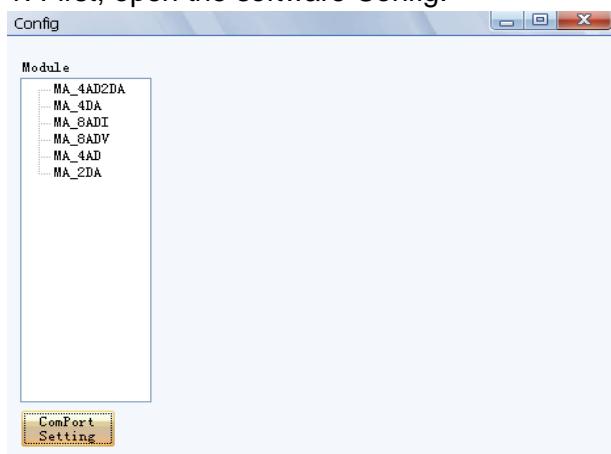
#### 3.1 Hardware connection

As the com port of the module is RS485 while the com port of the computer is RS232, so please use a RS232-485 converter to communicate with the computer.

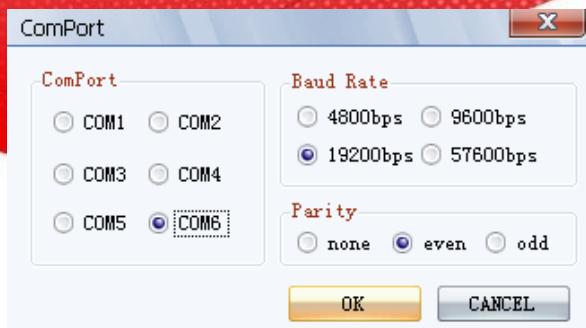


#### 3.2 Software setting

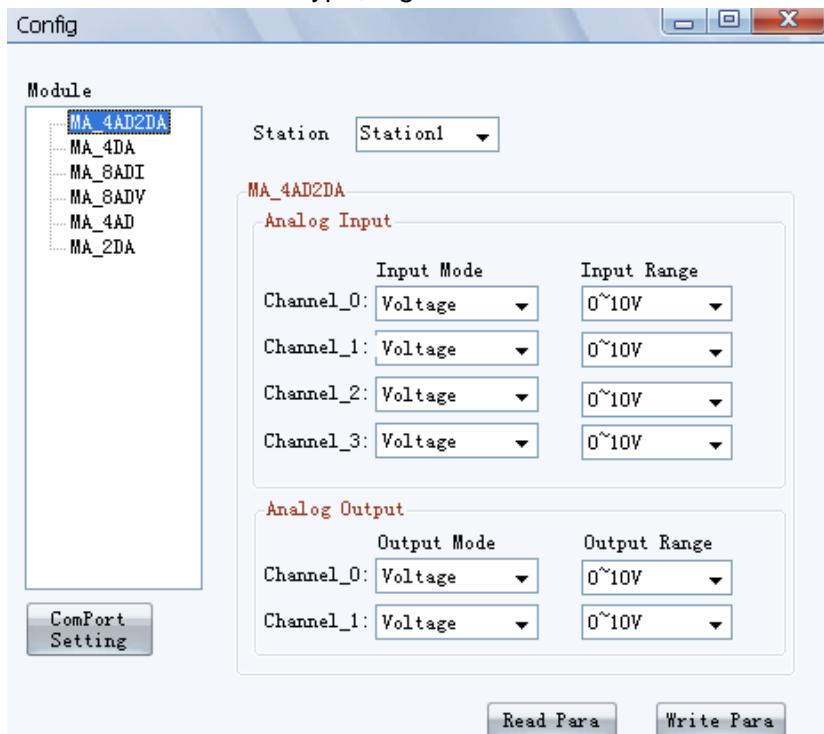
1. First, open the software Config:



2. Click com port config, set the communication parameters between computer and module:



3. Choose the module type, e.g MA-4AD2DA:



- (1) Station number selection: choose the module station number, the number is set via DIP switch
  - (2) Analog input: configure the input mode and output range.
  - (3) Analog output: configure the output mode and output range.
- Click the "write para" to make the parameters effective, the parameters are memoried when the power is cut off.

## 4. MA-nXnY I/O modules

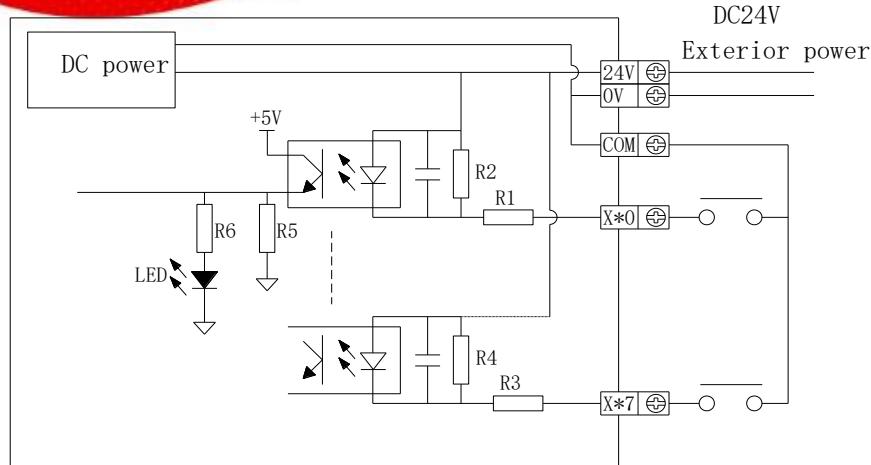
### 4.1 Module characteristics and specs

MA-nXnY I/O modules are based on MODBUS communication protocol which provide more I/O points and satisfy the production requirements.

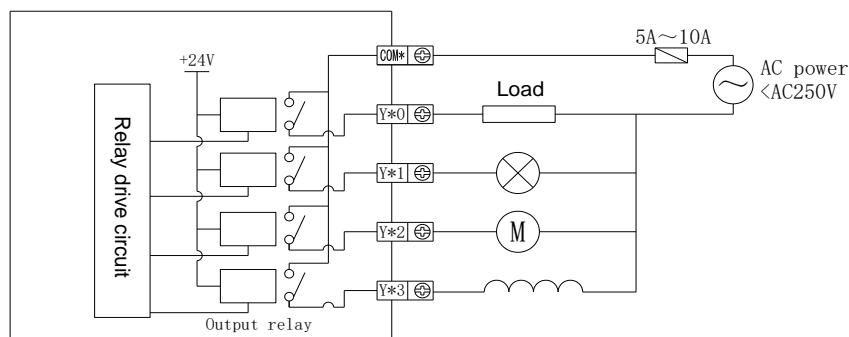


#### 4.3 Exterior connection

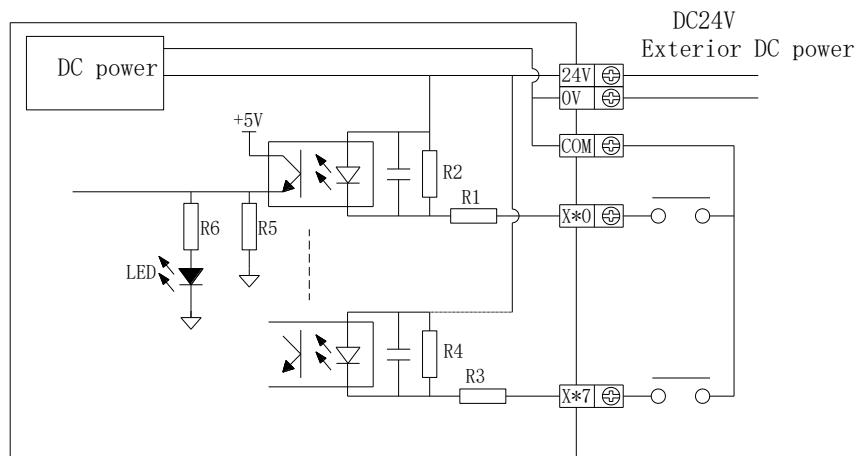
(1) For MA-8X8YR, the input points connection is as below:



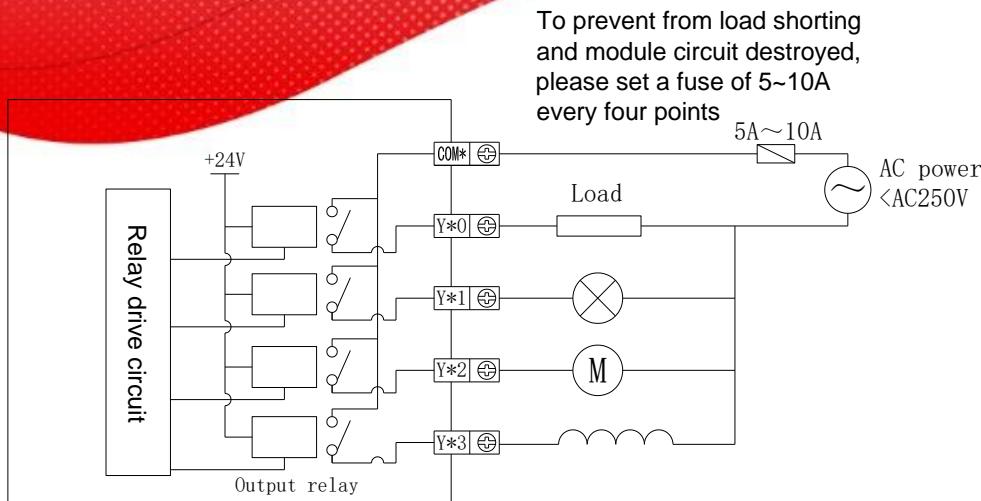
The output points connection is as below:



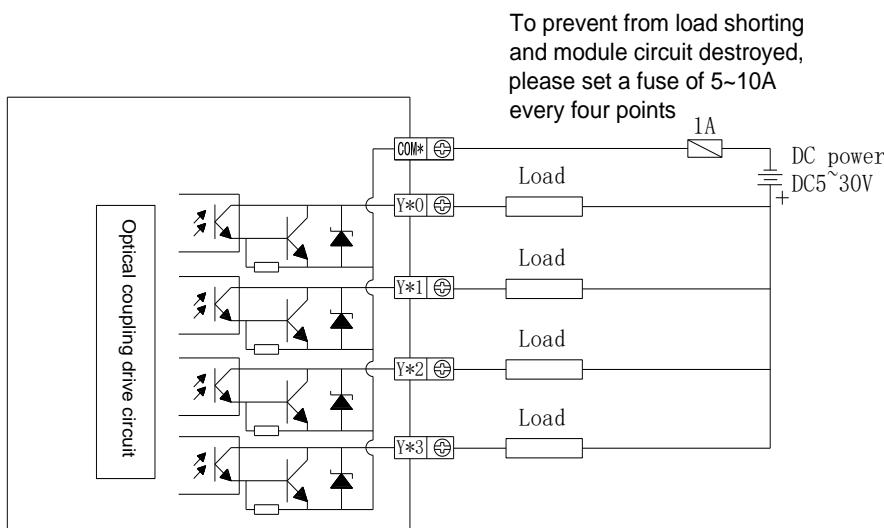
(2) For MA-16X, the input points connection is as below:



(4) For MA-16YR, the output points connection is as below:



For MA-16YT, the output points connection is as below:



#### 4.4 Modbus communication address

##### (1) Input bit address of the module

Modbus address ( decimal )	Description	Remark
0x0	X0 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x1	X1 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x2	X2 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x3	X3 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x4	X4 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x5	X5 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x6	X6 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x7	X7 Input point	8X8YR , 16X
0x8	X8 Input point	16X

0x9	X9 Input point	16X
0x10	X10 Input point	16X
0x11	X11 Input point	16X
0x12	X12 Input point	16X
0x13	X13 Input point	16X
0x14	X14 Input point	16X
0x15	X15 Input point	16X

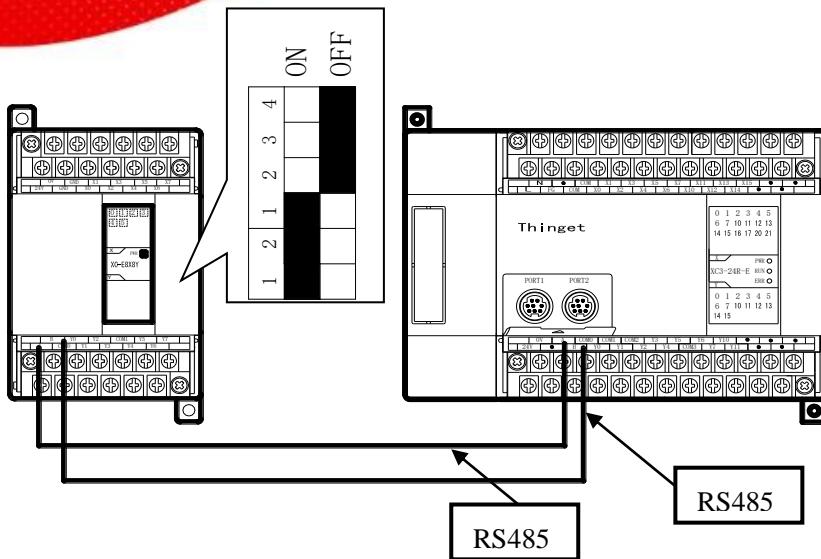
(2) Output bit address of the module

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
0x128	Y0 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x129	Y1 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x130	Y2 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x131	Y3 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x132	Y4 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x133	Y5 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x134	Y6 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x135	Y7 Output point	8X8YR , 16YR/T
0x136	Y8 Output point	16YR/T
0x137	Y9 Output point	16YR/T
0x138	Y10 Output point	16YR/T
0x139	Y11 Output point	16YR/T
0x140	Y12 Output point	16YR/T
0x141	Y13 Output point	16YR/T
0x142	Y14 Output point	16YR/T
0x143	Y15 Output point	16YR/T

#### 4.5 Application example

In this chapter, there are two examples: communicate with Xinje XC series PLC and Xinje HMI.

#### 4.5.1 MA-8X8YR communicate with Xinje XC series PLC XC-32T-E



For this example, write the value of PLC coil into MA I/O points, read the value of MA I/O points to PLC coil.

(1) Hardware connection: connect the MA-8X8YR com port A,B with XC-32T-E com port A,B.

Communication parameters setting: baud rate 57600bps, station number No.2.

For MA-8X8YR: baud rate 57600bps, set DIP switch 1-ON, 2-ON;

Station No.2, set DIP switch 1-ON, 2-ON, 3-OFF, 4-OFF.

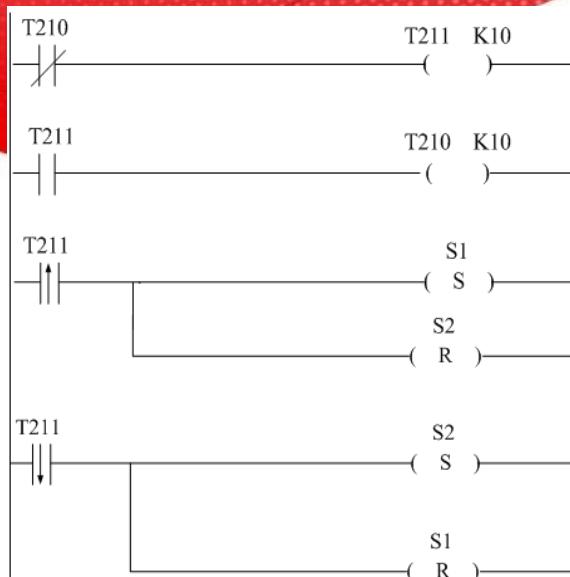
For PLC XC-32T-E: set the COM2 baud rate to be 57600bps then write into PLC and restart.

(2) Corresponding Modbus address

The address corresponding relationship between MA and PLC:

PLC coil	MA I/O points	MA Modbus address
M0~M7	Y0~Y7	K128~K135
M10~M17	X0~X8	K0~K7

(3) Ladder chart

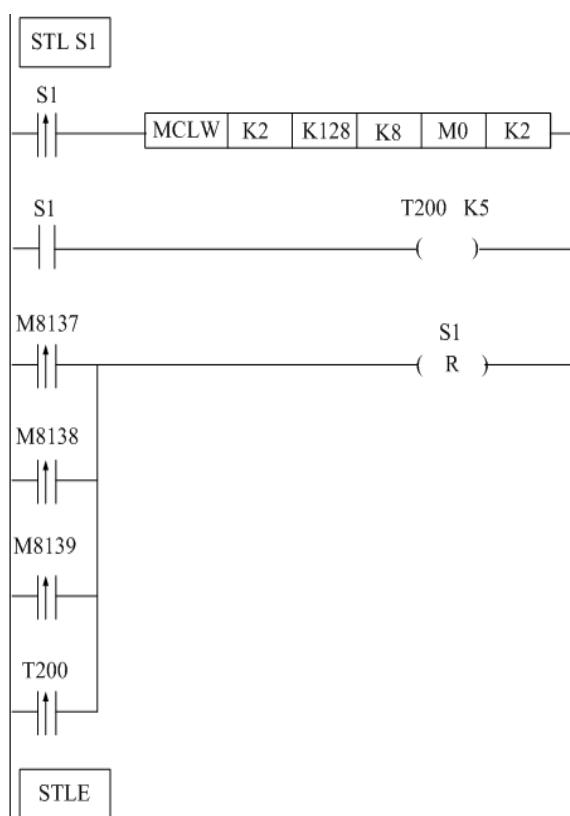


T211 time for 100ms

T210 time for 100ms, aim to produce a 200ms continuous square wave

Open process S1 and close process S2 when the up edge coming

Open process S2 and close process S1 when fall edge coming



Start process S1

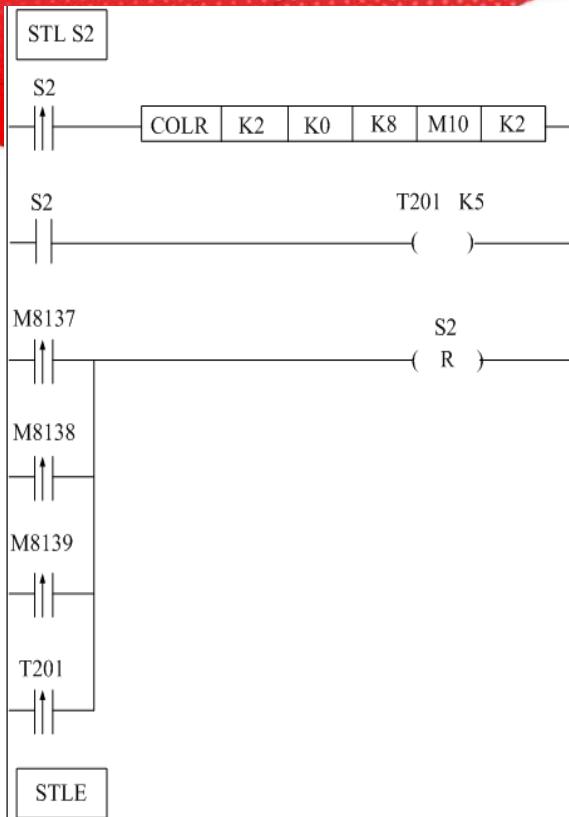
Write the value of M0~M7(PLC) to K128~K135, i.e. MA output Y0~Y7

Delay for 50ms

Close process S1 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S1

Start process S2



Start of process S2

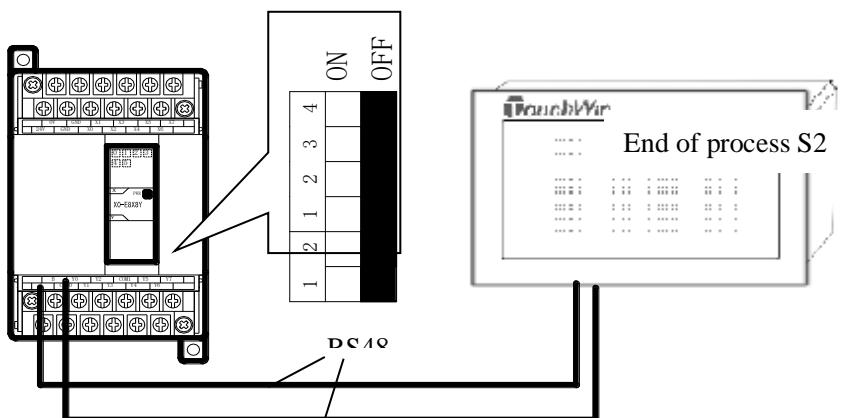
Read the value of K0~K7, i.e. MA input X0~X8 to M10~M17(PLC)

Delay for 50ms

Close process S2 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

#### 4.5.2 MA-8X8YR communicate with Xinje TP series touch screen TP-460

(1) Hardware connection: connect the MA-8X8YR point A,B with TP-460 PLC port pin4--A and pin7---B.



(2) Communication parameters setting: baud rate 19200bps, station number 1.

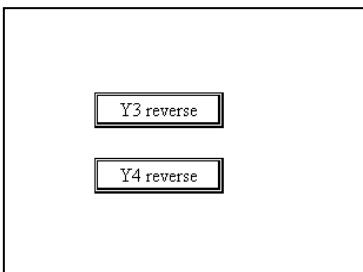
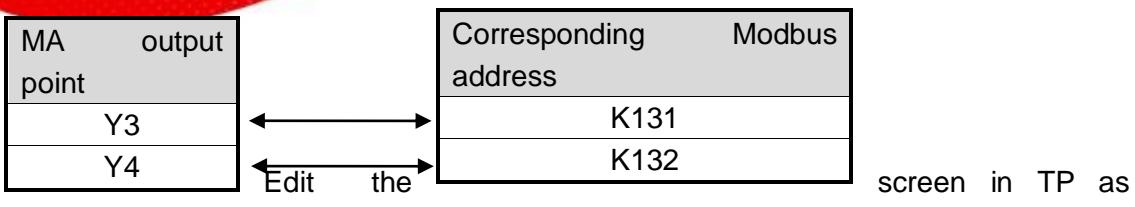
For MA-8X8YR: baud rate 19200bps, set DIP switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF

Station number 1, set DIP switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF, 3-OFF, 4-OFF.

For TP-460: PLC device choose " Modbus RTU ( panel is Master )", communication parameters set to be 19200, 8, Even, 1; when editing the TP screen, set PLC station number to be 1.

### (3) Edit the screen

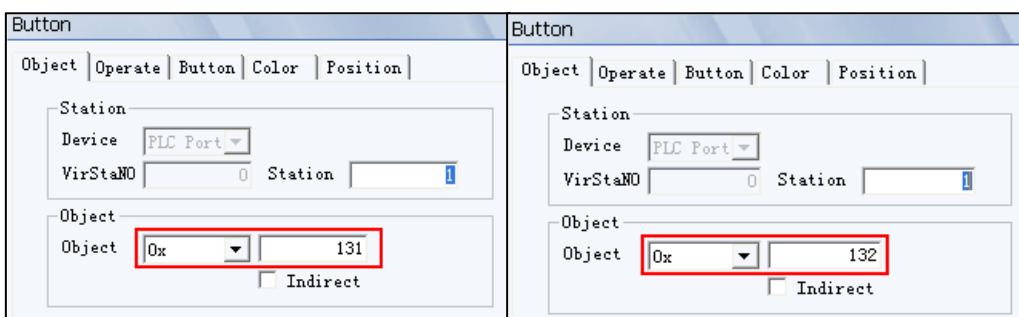
For example, edit the screen in TP, make the output point Y3 and Y4 of MA to do reverse operation, the Modbus address are as below:



For "Y3 reverse" button , the object choose 0x131;

For "Y4 reverse" button, the object choose 0x132.

Please see below picture:

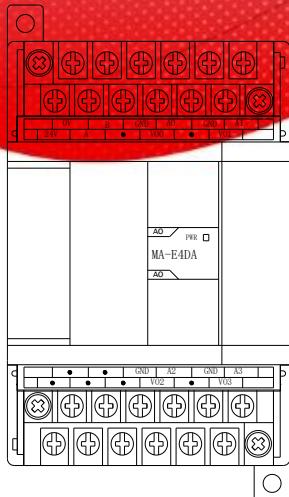


After connecting with touch screen, the user can realize reverse function for Y3 and Y4 on touch screen.

## 5. MA-4DA analog quantity output module

### 5.1 Module characteristic and specs

MA-4DA transforms the 10 bits digital value into analog quantity ( current or voltage value ).



#### Module characteristic:

- 4 channels analog quantity output, two modes:  
Voltage output mode: 0~5V, 0~10V selectable;  
Current output mode: 0~20mA, 4~20mA  
selectable.
- 10 bits high precision analog quantity output.

Item	Voltage output	Current output
Analog output range	DC0~5V、0~10V (exterior load resistor 2KΩ~1MΩ)	DC0~20mA、4~20mA (exterior load resistor less than 500Ω)
Digital input range	10 bits binary numbers	
Resolution ratio	1/1023 (10Bit)	
Integrated precision	0.8%	
Conversion speed	3ms/1 channel	
Power of analog	DC24V±10%, 100mA	
Installation	Use M3 screw or fix on DIN46277 rail ( width 35mm )	
Profile dimension	63mm×102mm×73.3mm	

#### 5.2 Points explanation

The points arrangement of MA-4DA:

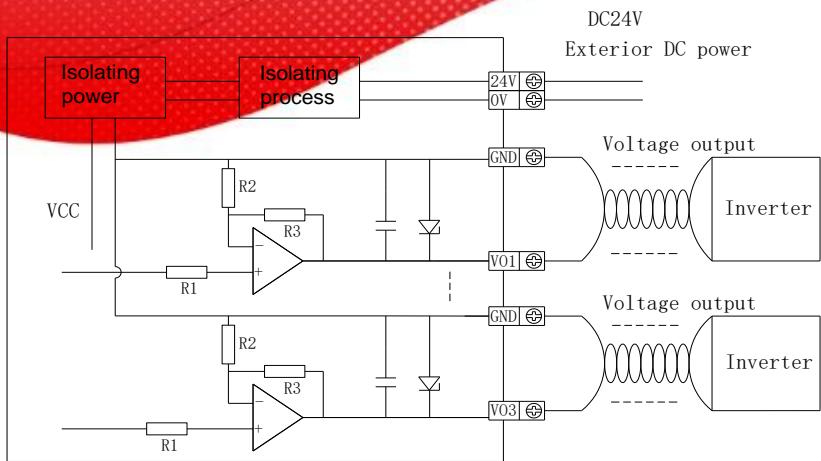
	0V	B	C00	I00	C01	I01	
	24V	A	•	V00	•	V01	

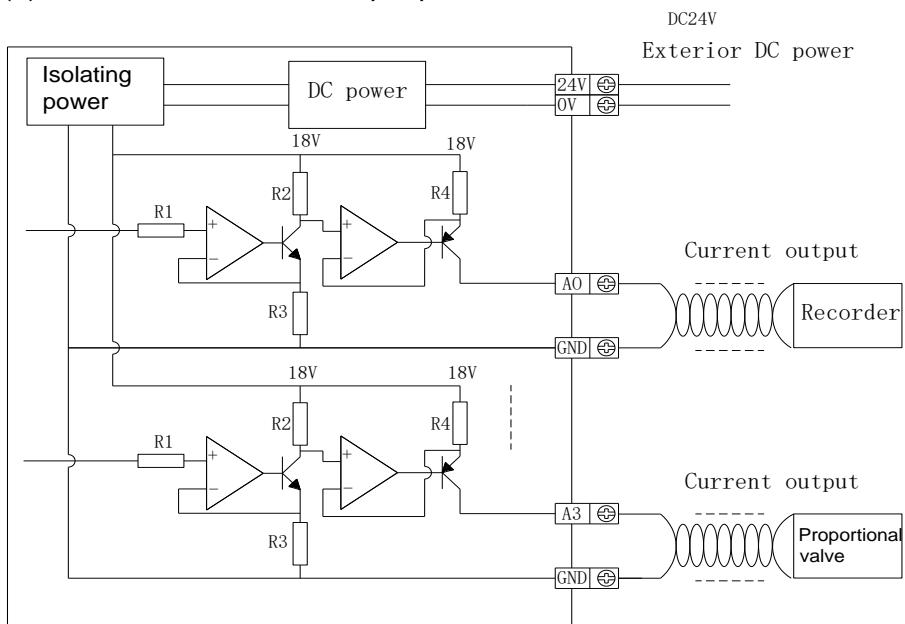
	•	•	C02	I02	C03	I03	
	•	•	•	V02	•	V03	

#### 5.3 Exterior connection

(1) For MA-4DA, voltage output points connection is as below:



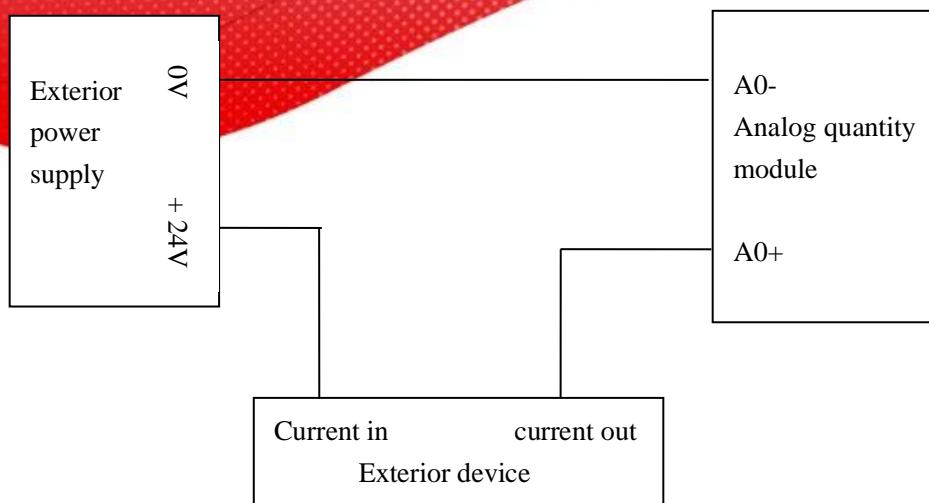
(2) For MA-4DA, current output points connection is as below:



Notice for exterior connection:

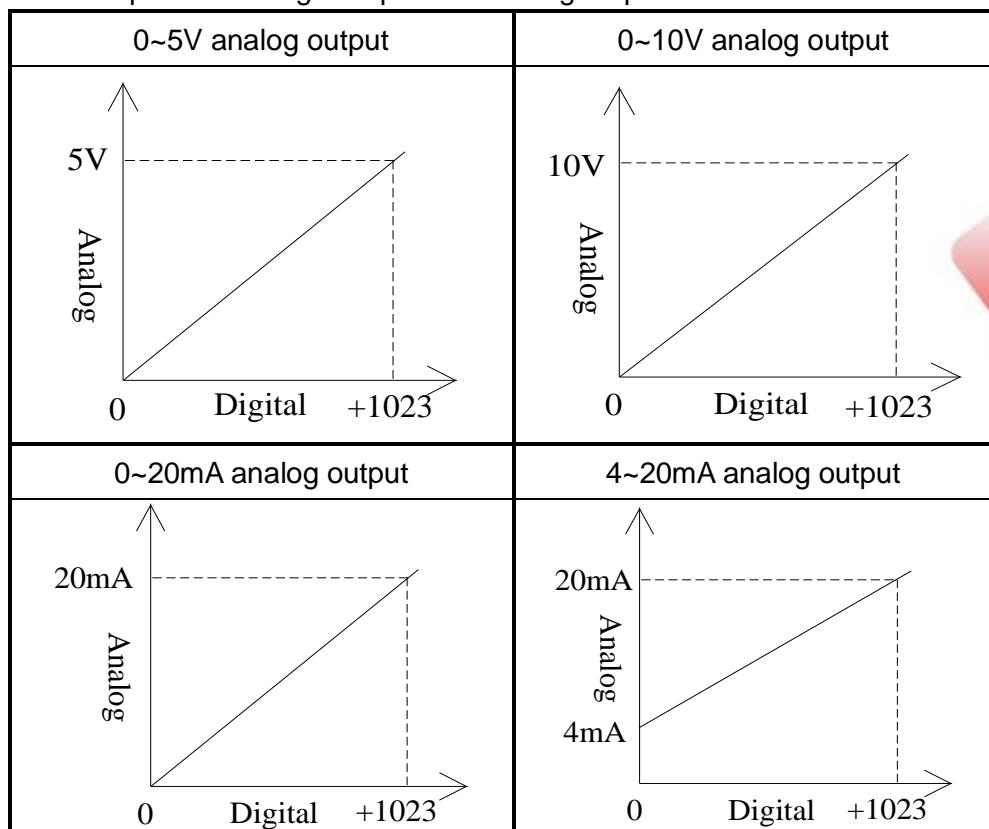
- When connecting the +24V power supply, use the DC power on the connected devices to prevent from interference.
- Use shielding cable and single-point ground for shielding layer.
- 0~20mA or 4~20mA output of the module need a exterior power supply of +24V, then the module adjust the circuit current according to the analog quantity, but the module do not produce current.

**Attention:** current output need +24V power supply providing from outside, see below picture



#### 5.4 DA transformation diagram

The relationship between digital input and analog output of the module is as below:



#### 5.5 MA-4DA analog output address

(1) Modbus write in bit address

Modbus address ( decimal )	Description	Remark	
0x128	Channel 0 output mode configure bit	0 : voltage	1: current
0x129	Channel 1 output mode configure bit	0 : voltage	1: current
0x130	Channel 2 output mode configure bit	0 : voltage	1: current
0x131	Channel 3 output mode configure bit	0 : voltage	1: current
0x136	Channel 0 output range configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v 1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x137	Channel 1 output range configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v 1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x144	Channel 2 output range configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v 1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x145	Channel 3 output range configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v 1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA

(2) Modbus write in word address

Modbus address ( decimal )	Description	Remark
4x128	Channel 0 output value	10 bits
4x129	Channel 1 output value	10 bits
4x130	Channel 2 output value	10 bits
4x131	Channel 3 output value	10 bits

## 5.6 Application example

Connect the MA-4DA with XC-32T-E, set channel 1 to be "current 4~20mA", transform the value in D100 of the PLC into analog quantity.

(1) Hardware connection: connect the RS485 com port A, B of MA-4DA and PLC.

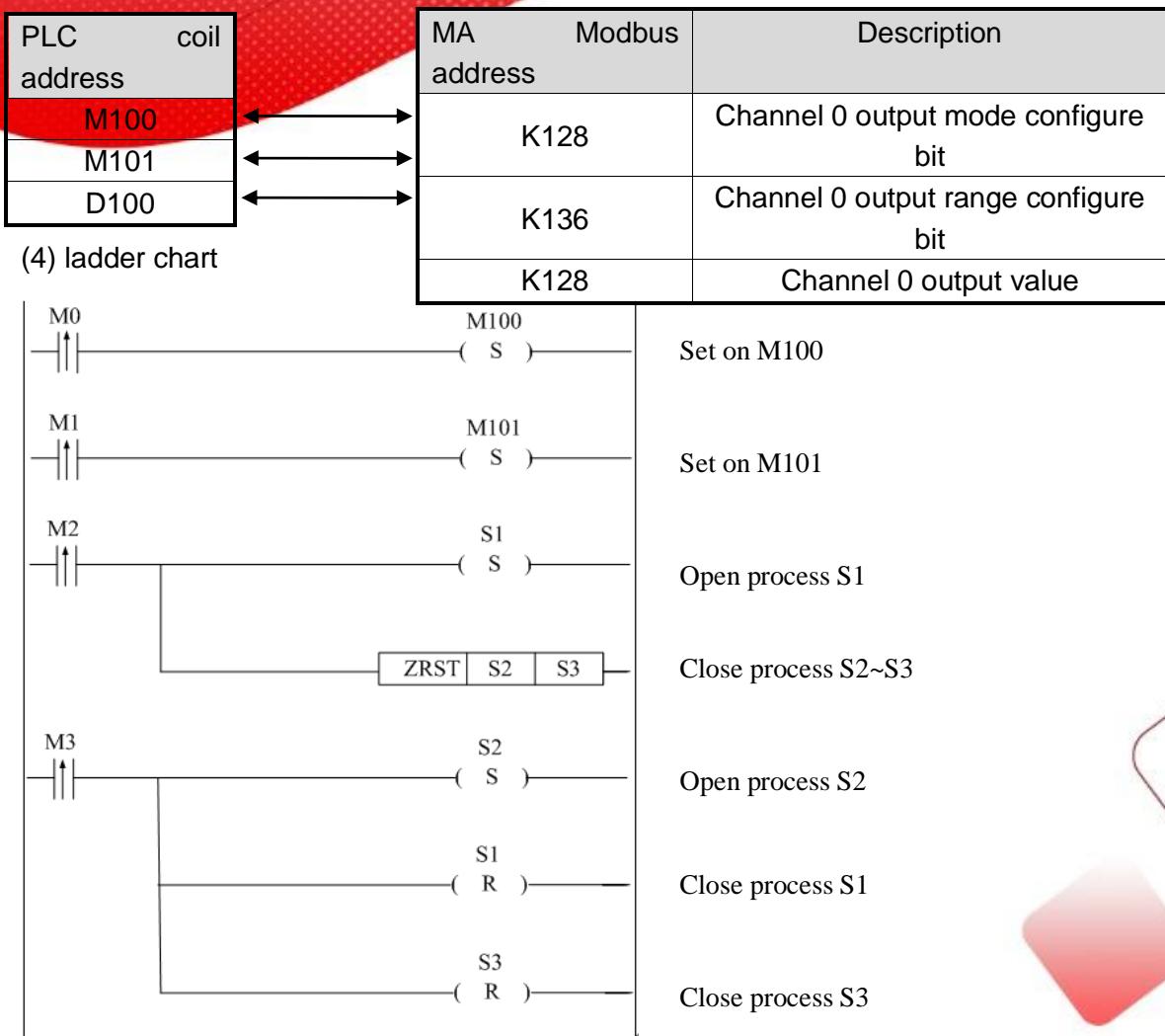
(2) Communication parameters setting: baud rate 19200bps, station number 1.

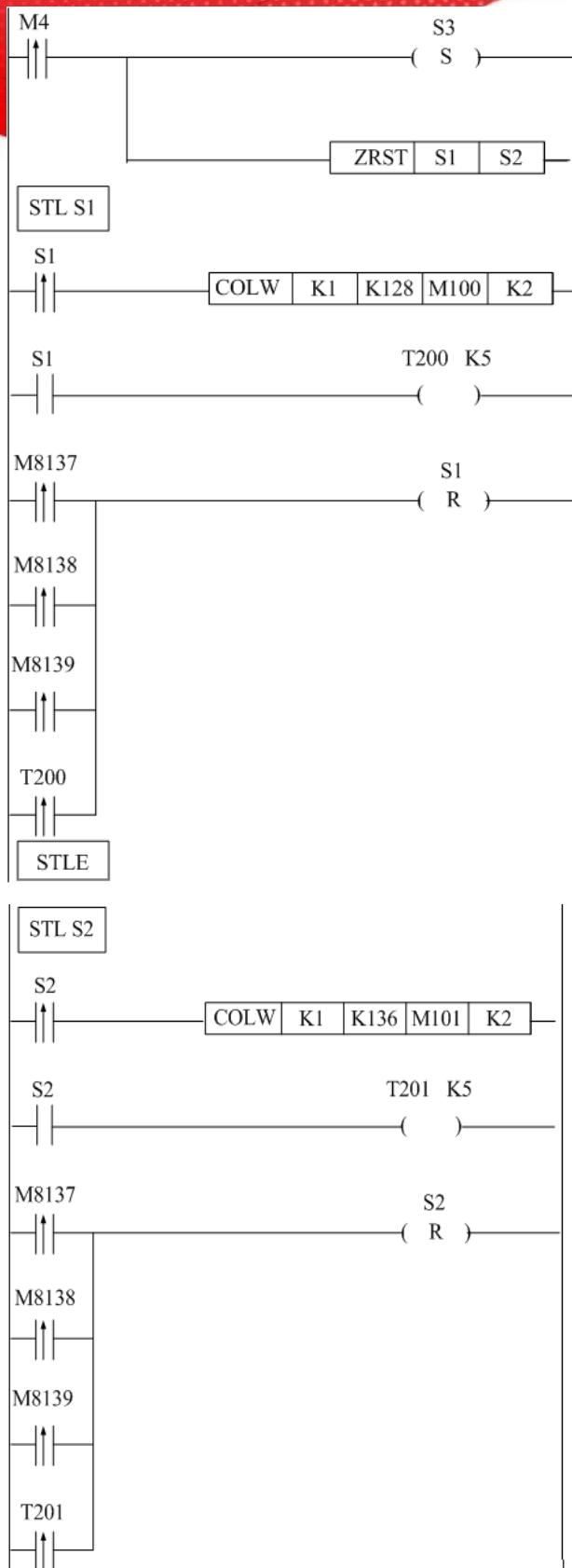
For MA-4DA: baud rate 19200bps, set DIP switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF;

Station number 1, set DIP switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF, 3-OFF, 4-OFF.

For PLC: set the baud rate of com2 to be 1920bps, write into the PLC and restart it.

(3) Address corresponding relationship:





Open process S3

Close process S1~S2

Start process S1

Write the value of M100(PLC) to K128(MA), set MA channel 0 to be current mode

Delay for 50ms

Close process S1 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

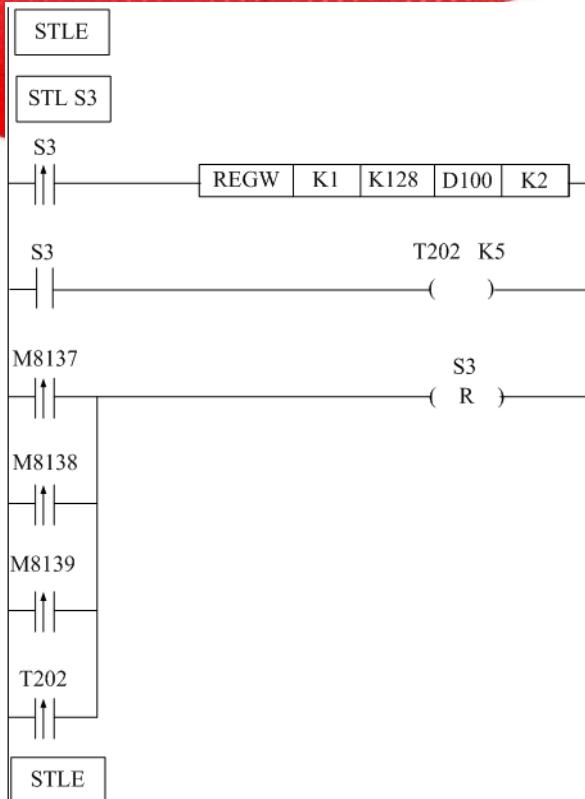
End of process S1

Start process S2

Write the value of M101(PLC) to K136(MA), set channel 0 output range to be 4~20mA

Delay for 50ms

Close process S2 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over



End of process S2

Start process S3

Write the value of D100(PLC) to K128(MA),

output the DA converted value

Delay for 50ms

Close process S3 when data sending are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S3

## 6. MA-8AD analog output module

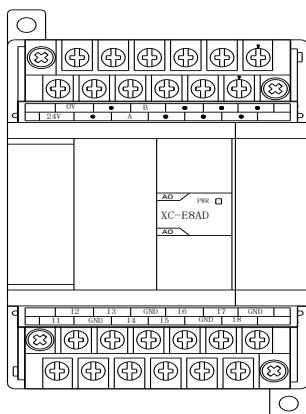
### 6.1 Module characteristic and specs

MA-8AD analog input module includes two types:

MA-8AD-V voltage input type

MA-8AD-A current input type.

The module transform the analog input value ( voltage or current ) into digital value, then send them to related devices.



Module characteristic:

- 8 channels 12 bits high precision analog input
- Two modes choice:

Voltage input type: 0~5V, 0~10V selectable;

Current input type: 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable

- PID self-study function inside

<b>Item</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Current</b>
Analog input range	DC0~5V、0~10V ( exterior load resistor 2KΩ~1MΩ)	DC0~20mA、4~20mA ( exterior load resistor less than 500Ω)
Maximum input	±18V	0~40mA
Digital output range	12 bits binary numbers	
Resolution	1/4095 (12Bit)	
Integrated precision	0.8%	
Conversion speed	20ms per channel	
Power supply for	DC24V±10%, 100mA	
Installation	Use M3 screw or fix on DIN46277 rail ( width 35mm )	
Profile dimension	63mm×102mm×73.3mm	

## 6.2 Points explanation

For MA-8AD-A current input type, the arrangement of the points are as below:

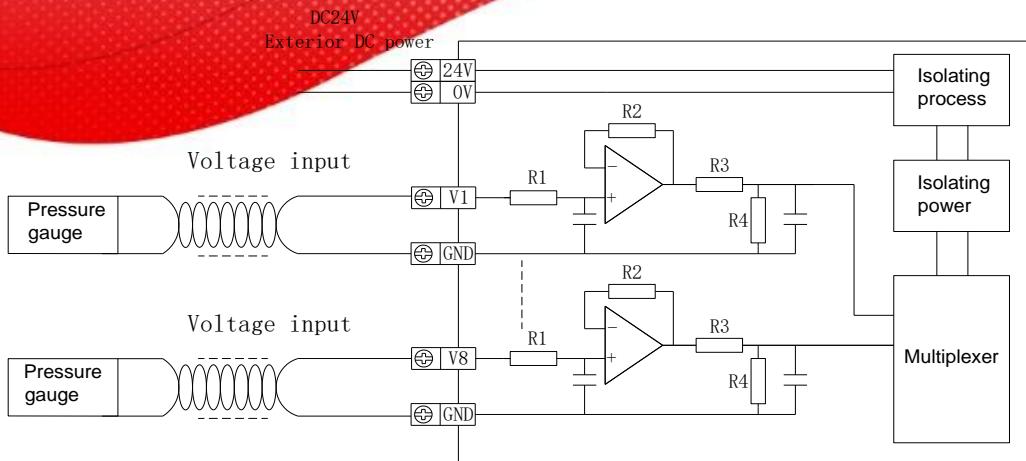
	0V	●	B	●	●	●	
	24V	●	A	●	●	●	
	AI1	AI2	CI1	AI5	AI6	CI3	
	AI0	CI0	AI3	AI4	CI2	AI7	

For MA-8AD-V voltage input type, the arrangement of the points are as below:

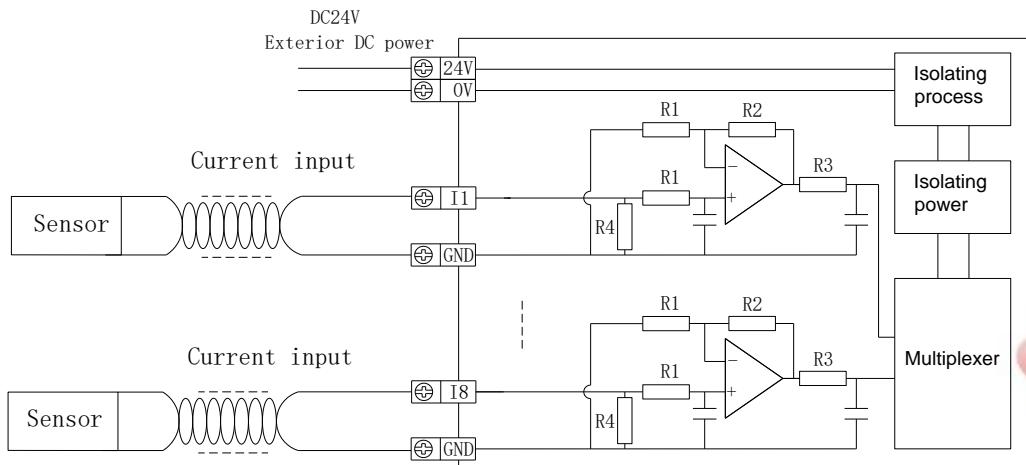
	0V	●	B	●	●	●	
	24V	●	A	●	●	●	
	VI1	VI2	CI1	VI5	VI6	CI3	
	VI0	CI0	VI3	VI4	CI2	VI7	

## 6.3 Exterior connection

(1) For MA-8AD-V voltage input type, the voltage input points connection is as below:



(2) For MA-8AD-A current input type, the current input points connection is as below:

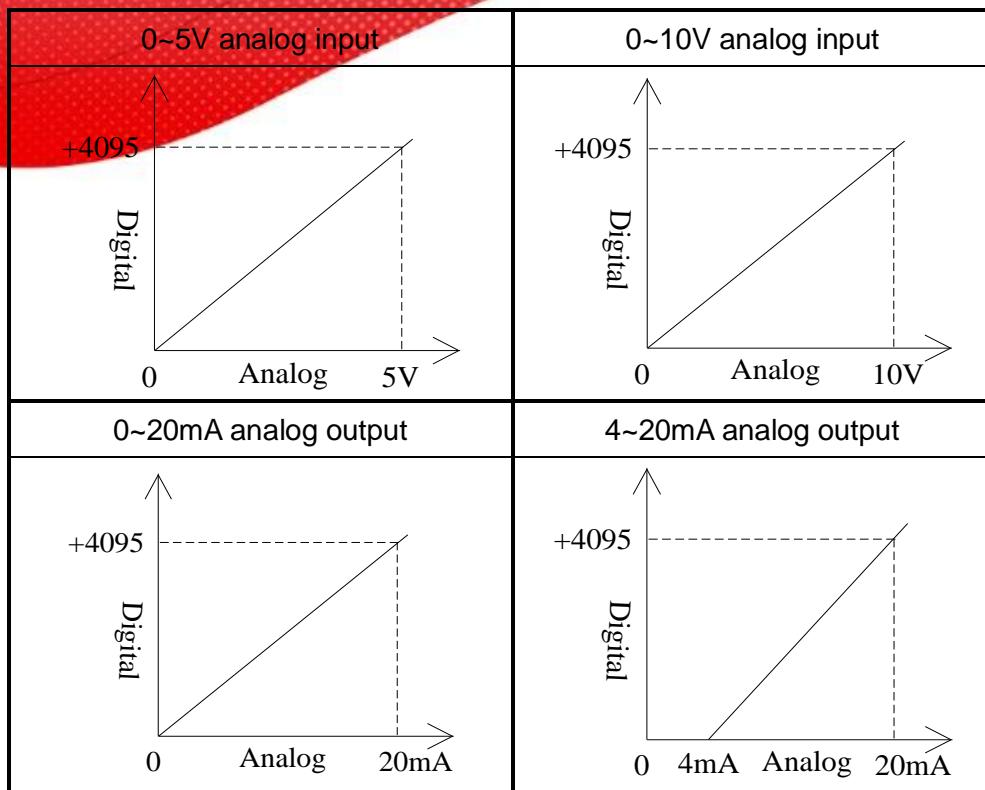


Notes for exterior connection:

- When connecting the +24V power supply, use the DC power on the connected devices to prevent from interference.
- Use shielding cable and single-point ground for shielding layer.
- 0~20mA or 4~20mA output of the module need a exterior power supply of +24V, then the module adjust the circuit current according to the analog quantity, but the module do not produce current.

#### 6.4 AD transformation diagram

The relationship between analog quantity and digital quantity are as below:



## 6.5 MA-8AD analog quantity input module address

For this module, the address assignment of voltage type and current type are the same.

### (1) Modbus read bit address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark	
		0	1
0x00	Channel 0 PID control result	Close	Output
0x01	Channel 1 PID control result	Close	Output
0x02	Channel 2 PID control result	Close	Output
0x03	Channel 3 PID control result	Close	Output
0x04	Channel 4 PID control result	Close	Output
0x05	Channel 5 PID control result	Close	Output
0x06	Channel 6 PID control result	Close	Output
0x07	Channel 7 PID control result	Close	Output
0x08	Channel 0 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x09	Channel 1 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x10	Channel 2 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x11	Channel 3 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x12	Channel 4 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x13	Channel 5 Open circuit check	Normal	Open

0x14	Channel 6 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x15	Channel 7 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x16	Channel 0 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x17	Channel 1 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x18	Channel 2 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x19	Channel 3 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x20	Channel 4 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x21	Channel 5 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x22	Channel 6 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x23	Channel 7 Self-study error check	Normal	Error

## (2) Modbus write bit address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark	
		0	1
0x128	Channel 0 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x129	Channel 1 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x130	Channel 2 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x131	Channel 3 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x132	Channel 4 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x133	Channel 5 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x134	Channel 6 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x135	Channel 7 Input range configure bit	0~5V	0~10V
		0~20mA	4~20 mA
0x136	Channel 0 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x137	Channel 1 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x138	Channel 2 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x139	Channel 3 PID enable bit	Close	Enable

0x140	Channel 4 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x141	Channel 5 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x142	Channel 6 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x143	Channel 7 PID enable bit	Close	Enable
0x144	Channel 0 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x145	Channel 1 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x146	Channel 2 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x147	Channel 3 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x148	Channel 4 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x149	Channel 5 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x150	Channel 6 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x151	Channel 7 Self-study enable bit	Close	Enable
0x152	Channel 0 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x153	Channel 1 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x154	Channel 2 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x155	Channel 3 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x156	Channel 4 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x157	Channel 5 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x158	Channel 6 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action
0x159	Channel 7 Positive/negative action selection bit	Negative action	Positive action

### (3) Modbus read word address

Modbus address ( decimal )	Description
4x00	Channel 0 Current value
4x01	Channel 1 Current value
4x02	Channel 2 Current value
4x03	Channel 3 Current value
4x04	Channel 4 Current value
4x05	Channel 5 Current value
4x06	Channel 6 Current value
4x07	Channel 7 Current value
4x08	Channel 0 PID digital output
4x09	Channel 1 PID digital output

4x10	Channel 2 PID digital output
4x11	Channel 3 PID digital output
4x12	Channel 4 PID digital output
4x13	Channel 5 PID digital output
4x14	Channel 6 PID digital output
4x15	Channel 7 PID digital output

(4) Modbus write word address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
4x128	Channel 0 Setting value	
4x129	Channel 1 Setting value	
4x130	Channel 2 Setting value	
4x131	Channel 3 Setting value	
4x132	Channel 4 Setting value	
4x133	Channel 5 Setting value	
4x134	Channel 6 Setting value	
4x135	Channel 7 Setting value	
4x136	Channel 0 Parameter P	
4x137	Channel 0 Parameter I	
4x138	Channel 0 Parameter D	
4x139	Channel 0 Parameter DIFF	
4x140	Channel 1 Parameter P	
4x141	Channel 1 Parameter I	
4x142	Channel 1 Parameter D	
4x143	Channel 1 Parameter DIFF	
4x144	Channel 2 Parameter P	
4x145	Channel 2 Parameter I	
4x146	Channel 2 Parameter D	
4x147	Channel 2 Parameter DIFF	
4x148	Channel 3 Parameter P	
4x149	Channel 3 Parameter I	
4x150	Channel 3 Parameter D	
4x151	Channel 3 Parameter DIFF	
4x152	Channel 4 Parameter P	
4x153	Channel 4 Parameter I	
4x154	Channel 4 Parameter D	
4x155	Channel 4 Parameter DIFF	
4x156	Channel 5 Parameter P	

4x157	Channel 5 Parameter I	
4x158	Channel 5 Parameter D	
4x159	Channel 5 Parameter DIFF	
4x160	Channel 6 Parameter P	
4x161	Channel 6 Parameter I	
4x162	Channel 6 Parameter D	
4x163	Channel 6 Parameter DIFF	
4x164	Channel 7 Parameter P	
4x165	Channel 7 Parameter I	
4x166	Channel 7 Parameter D	
4x167	Channel 7 Parameter DIFF	
4x168	Channel 0 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x169	Channel 1 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x170	Channel 2 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x171	Channel 3 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x172	Channel 4 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x173	Channel 5 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x174	Channel 6 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x175	Channel 7 Control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x176	Channel 0 Modified current value	Change current value
4x177	Channel 1 Modified current value	Change current value
4x178	Channel 2 Modified current value	Change current value
4x179	Channel 3 Modified current value	Change current value
4x180	Channel 4 Modified current value	Change current value
4x181	Channel 5 Modified current value	Change current value
4x182	Channel 6 Modified current value	Change current value
4x183	Channel 7 Modified current value	Change current value
4x184	Channel 0 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x185	Channel 1 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x186	Channel 2 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x187	Channel 3 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x188	Channel 4 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x189	Channel 5 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x190	Channel 6 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x191	Channel 7 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x192	Channel 0 Difference value setting	
4x193	Channel 1 Difference value setting	
4x194	Channel 2 Difference value setting	
4x195	Channel 3 Difference value setting	
4x196	Channel 4 Difference value setting	
4x197	Channel 5 Difference value setting	
4x198	Channel 6 Difference value setting	
4x199	Channel 7 Difference value setting	

## 6.6 Application example

This example realizes the PID control of set value and control the object with digital quantity on the foundation of communication between PLC and MA-8AD. The operation process are as below:

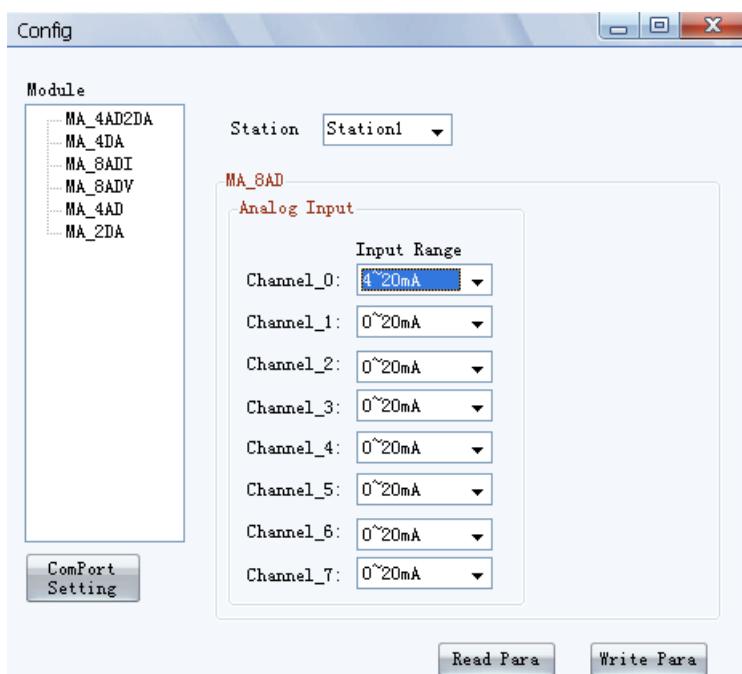
- (1) Hardware connection: connect the RS485 com port A, B of MA-8AD and the PLC
- (2) Communication parameters setting: baud rate 19200bps, station number 1.

For MA-8AD: baud rate 19200bps, set DIP switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF;

Station number 1, set DIP switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF, 3-OFF, 4-OFF.

For the PLC: set the com port baud rate to be 19200bps, write into the PLC and restart.

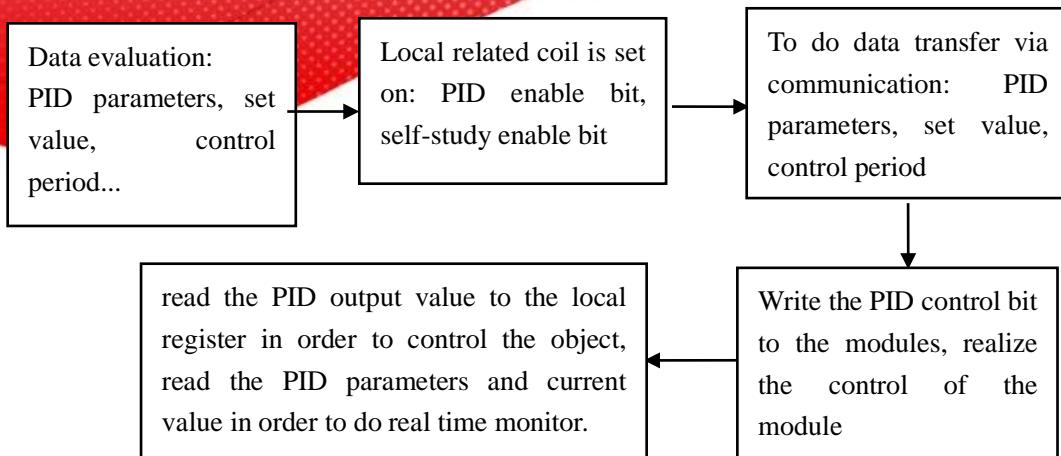
- (3) Input range configure: via configure tool Config:



Set the current range of channel 0 to be 4~20mA, click "Write Para" to make them effective.

At the beginning of the program, write the PID parameters, set value, control period into the register. It needs to configure the related parameters of the control object including PID enable bit, self-study enable bit in order to do Modbus communication. When the local trigger condition is satisfied, PLC send the set value, channel control period, PID parameters to the corresponding address of the module via write instruction. At this time, all the preparations for PID self-study have been done. When PID enable bit is on, the module starts to do PID control with the defaulted state of negative action and reads the current value with the period of 100ms. When self-study enable bit is on, the module starts to do self-study. Among up two processes, read the PID output value to the local register to realize object control.

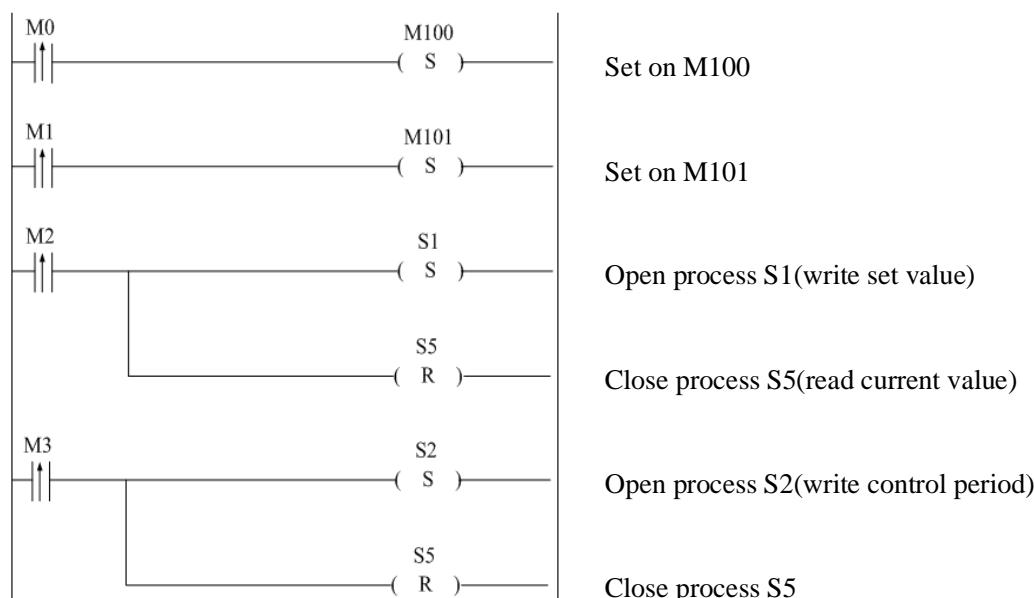
The whole process are as below:

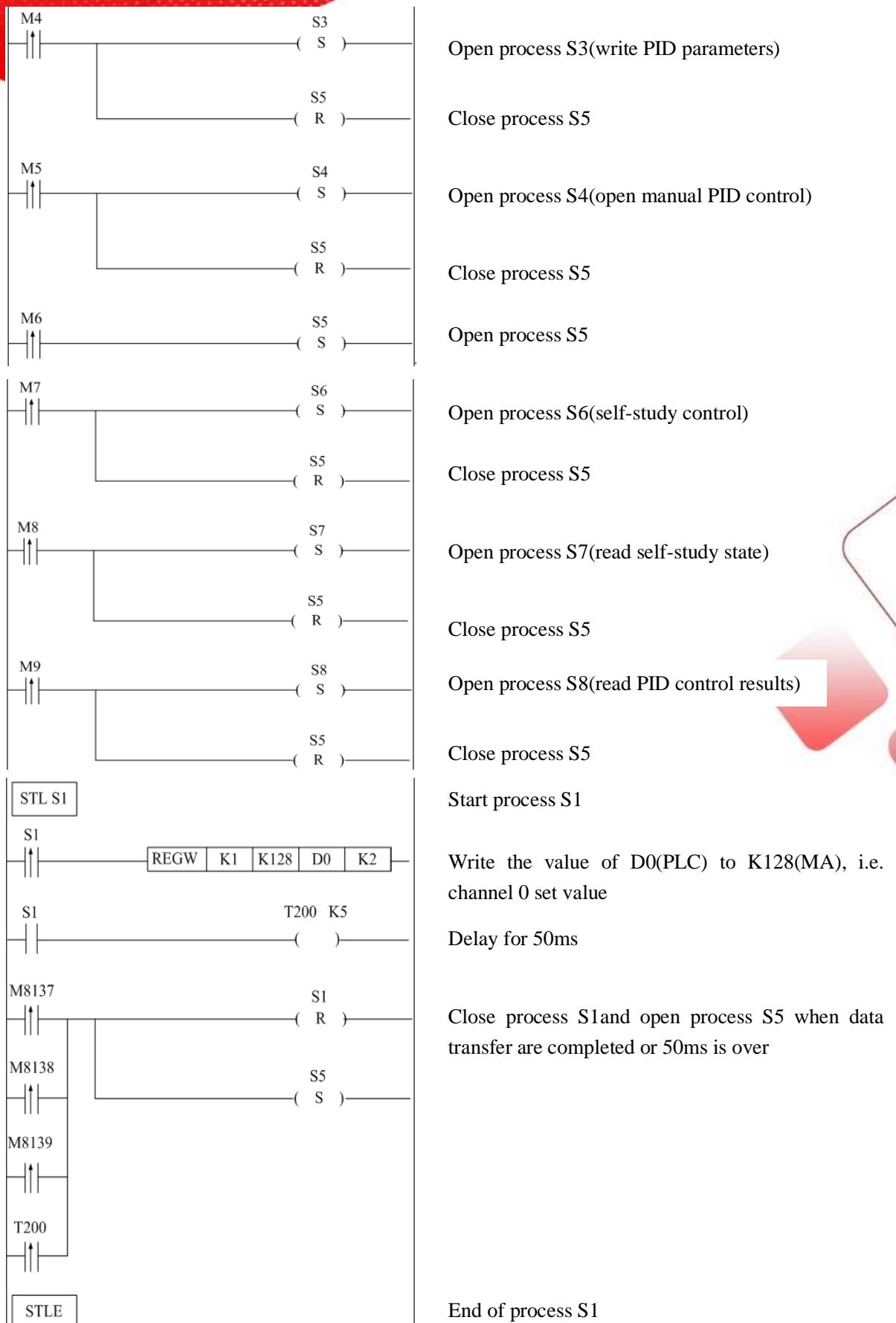


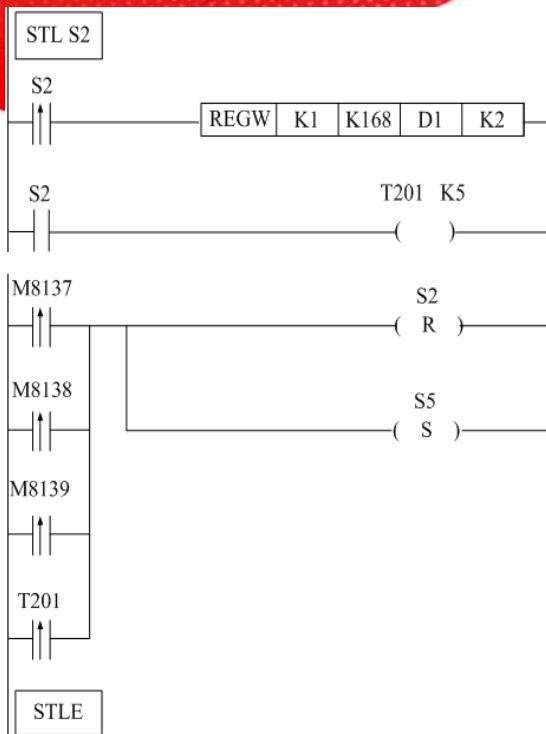
(4)The corresponding address relationship between MA module and the PLC are as below:

PLC address	MA Modbus address	Note
D0	K128	Channel 0 set value
D1	K168	Channel 0 control period
D2	K136	Channel 0 parameter P
D3	K137	Channel 0 parameter I
D4	K138	Channel 0 parameter D
D5	K139	Channel 0 parameter Diff
D6	K0	Channel 0 current value
D7	K8	Channel 0 PID output value
M100	K136	Channel 0 PID enable bit
M101	K144	Channel 0 self-study enable bit

(5)Ladder chart:







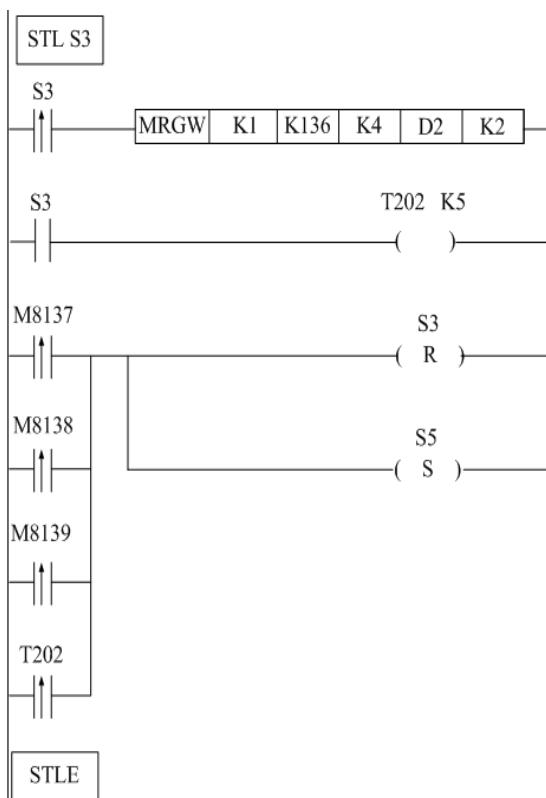
Start process S2

Write the value of D1(PLC) to K168(MA),  
i.e. channel 0 control period

Delay for 50ms

Close process S2 and open process S5 when  
data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S2



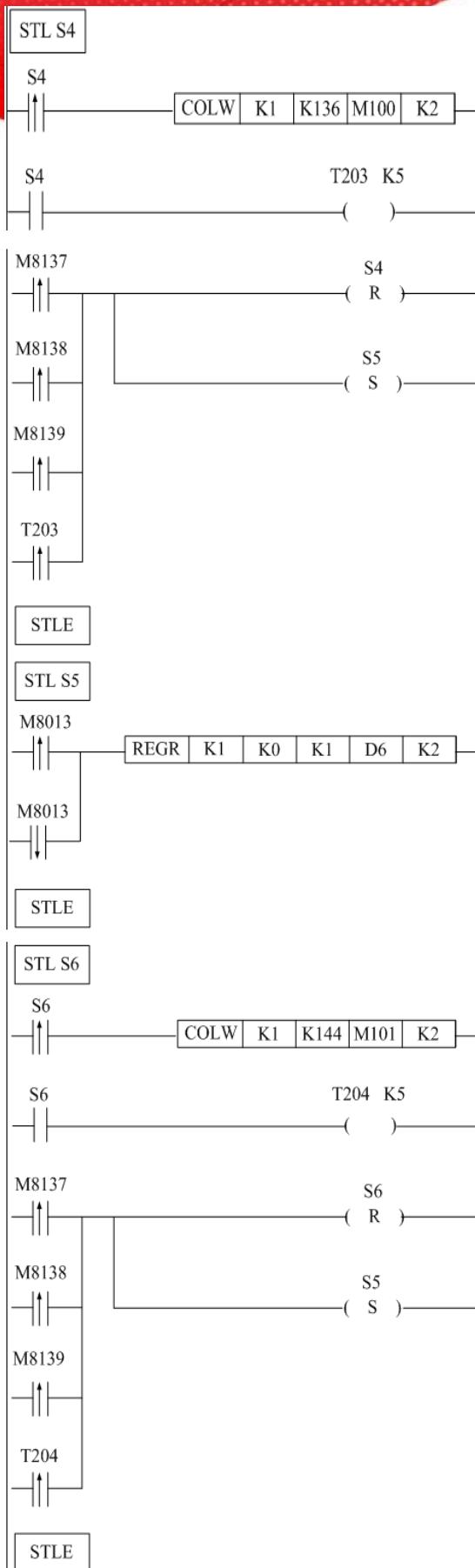
Start process S3

Write the value of D2~D5(PLC) to  
K136~K139(MA), i.e. the PID parameters

Delay for 50ms

Close process S3 and open process S5 when  
data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S3



Start process S4

Write the value of M100(PLC) to K136(MA), open channel 0 PID enable bit

Delay for 50ms

Close process S4 and open process S5  
when data transfer are completed or  
50ms is over

End of process S4

Start process S5

Read the value of K0(MA) to D6(PLC) every  
500ms, i.e. channel 0 current value

End of process S5

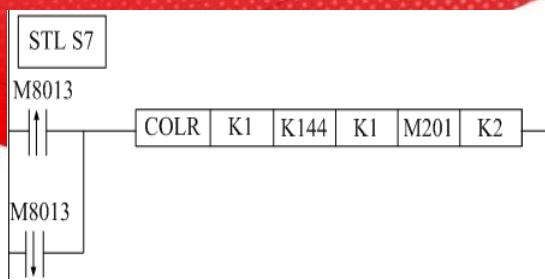
Start process S6

Write the value of M102(PLC) to K144(MA),  
open channel 0 self-study control bit

Delay 50ms

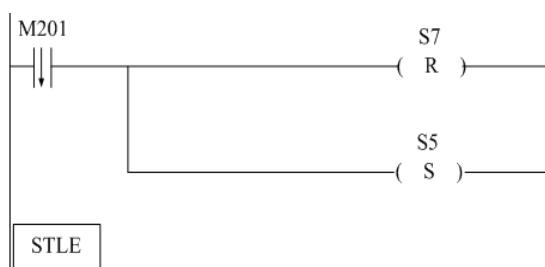
Close process S6 and open process S5 when  
data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S6



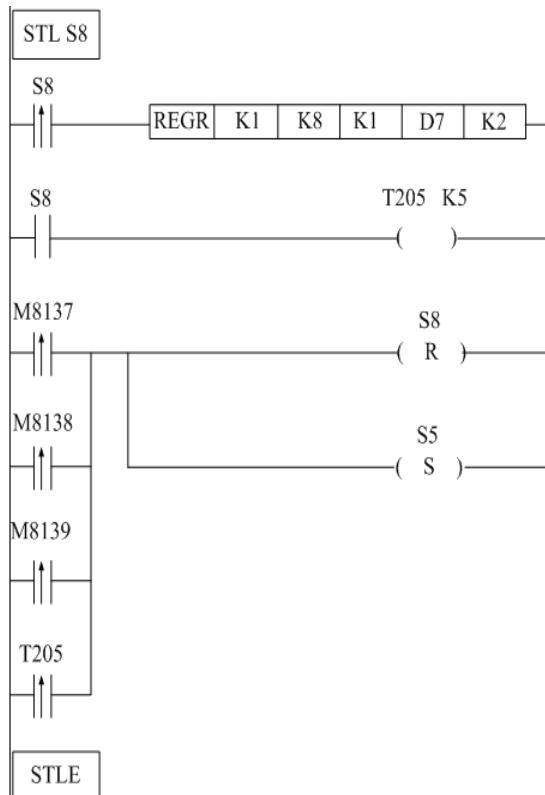
Start process S7

Read the value of K136(MA) to M201(PLC)  
every 500ms, i.e. channel 0 self-study state bit



Close process S7 and open process S5  
when data transfer are completed or  
50ms is over

End of process S7



Start process S8

Read the value of K8(MA) to D7(PLC), i.e.  
channel 0 PID output value

Delay for 50ms

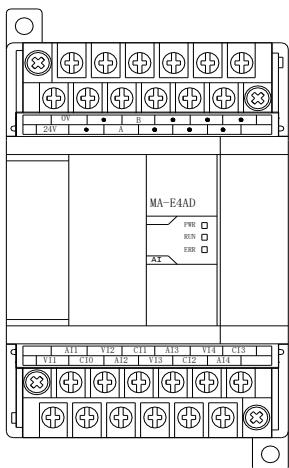
Close process S8 and open process S5 when  
data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S8

## 7. MA-4AD analog input module

### 7.1 Characteristic and specs

MA-4AD analog input module transforms the 4 channels analog input values into digital values, connect with other devices via Modbus communication protocol.



#### Module characteristics

- 4 channels analog input: two modes  
Voltage input 0~5V, 0~10V selectable  
Current input 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable
- 12 bits high precision analog input
- 4 channels PID control function

Item	Analog input (4AD)	
Analog input type	Voltage input	Current input
Analog input range	0~5V,0~10V	0~20mA,4~20mA
Maximum input	DC±18V	0~40mA
Digital output	12 bits binary value (0~4095)	
Resolution	1/4095(12Bit)	
PID output range	0~K4095	
Integrated	0.8%	
Converting speed	20ms per channel	
Power for analog	DC24V±10%, 100mA	
Installation	Fix up the module with M3 screw or put on DIN46277 rail	
Profile dimension	63mm×102mm×73.3mm	

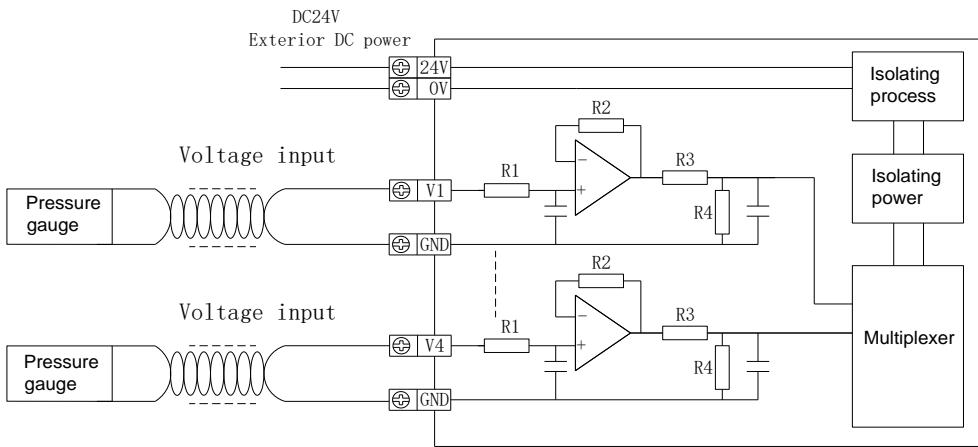
## 7.2 Points explanation

	0V	●		B	●	●	●		
	24V	●	A	●	●	●	●		

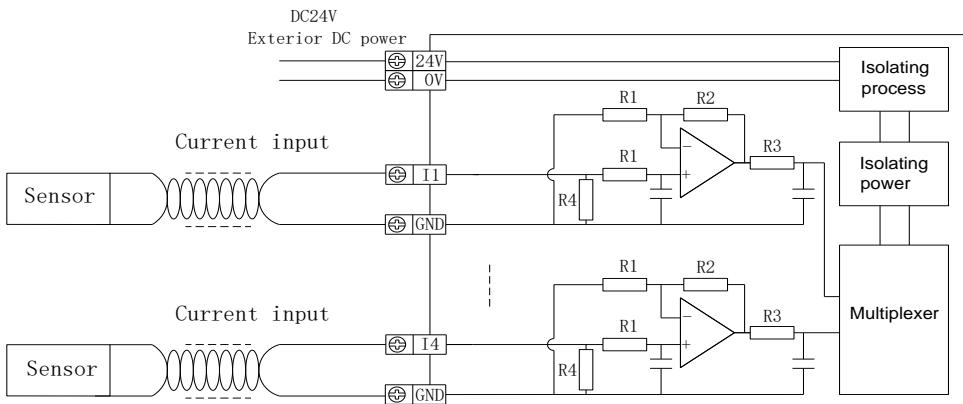
	AI0	VI1	CI1	AI3	VI4	CI3	
	VI0	CI0	AI1	VI3	CI2	AI4	

## 7.3 Exterior connection

(1) For MA-4AD voltage input points connection is as below:

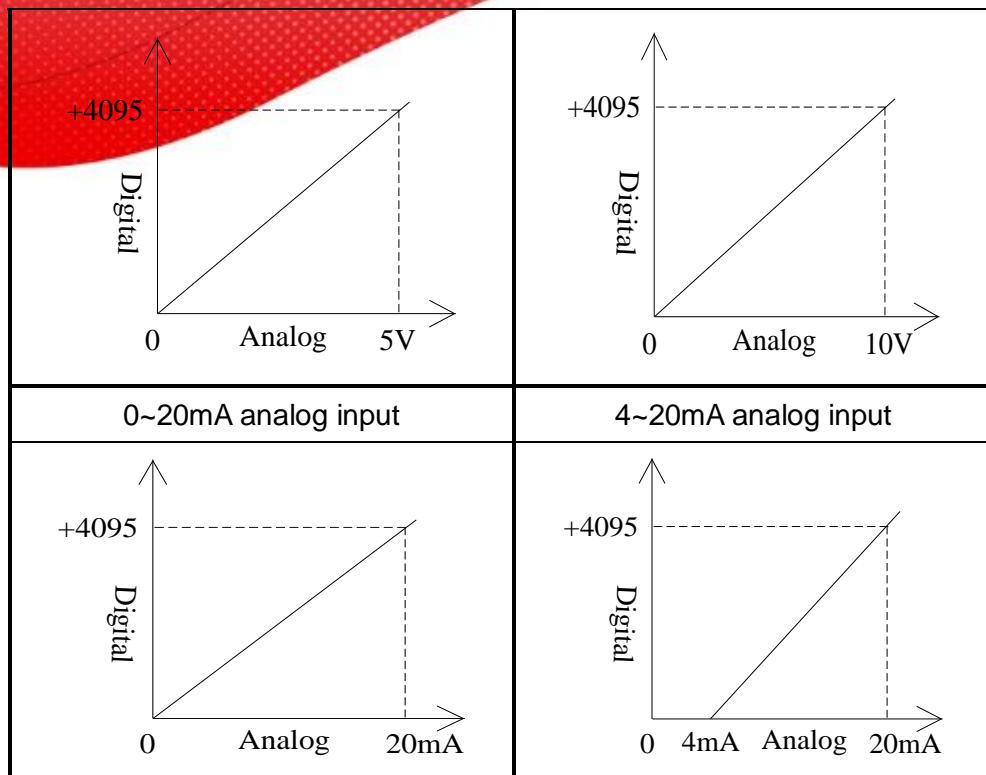


(2) For MA-4AD current input points connection is as below:



## 7.4 AD transformation diagram

0~5V analog input	0~10V analog input
-------------------	--------------------



## 7.5 I/O address assignment

### (1) Modbus read bit address

Modbus address ( decimal )	Function	Remark	
		0	1
0x00	AD channel 0 PID control result	Close	Output
0x01	AD channel 1 PID control result	Close	Output
0x02	AD channel 2 PID control result	Close	Output
0x03	AD channel 3 PID control result	Close	Output
0x08	AD channel 0 circuit opening check	Normal	Open

0x09	AD channel 1 circuit opening check	Normal	Open
0x10	AD channel 2 circuit opening check	Normal	Open
0x11	AD channel 3 circuit opening check	Normal	Open
0x12	AD channel 0 self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x13	AD channel 1 self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x14	AD channel 2 self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x15	AD channel 3 self-study error check	Normal	Error

## (2) Modbus write bit address

Modbus address (decimal)	Function	Remark	
0x128	AD channel 0 input mode configure bit	0: voltage 1: current	
0x129	AD channel 1 input mode configure bit	0: voltage 1: current	
0x130	AD channel 2 input mode configure bit	0: voltage 1: current	
0x131	AD channel 3 input mode configure bit	0: voltage 1: current	
0x136	AD channel 0 input range configure bit	Voltage 0 : 0~10V 1: 0~5V	Current 0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA

0x137	AD channel 1 input range configure bit	Voltage	0 : 0~10V 1: 0~5V
		Current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x138	AD channel 2 input range configure bit	Voltage	0 : 0~10V 1: 0~5V
		Current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x139	AD channel 3 input range configure bit	Voltage	0 : 0~10V 1: 0~5V
		Current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x160	AD channel 0 PID enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x161	AD channel 1 PID enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x162	AD channel 2 PID enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x163	AD channel 3 PID enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x168	AD channel 0 self-study enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x169	AD channel 1 self-study enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x170	AD channel 2 self-study enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x171	AD channel 3 self-study enable bit	0: close    1: enable	
0x176	AD channel 0 motion choice bit	0: negative 1: positive	
0x177	AD channel 1 motion choice bit	0: negative 1: positive	
0x178	AD channel 2 motion choice bit	0: negative 1: positive	
0x179	AD channel 3 motion choice bit	0: negative 1: positive	

(3) Modbus read word address

Modbus address ( decimal )	Function	Remark
4x00	AD channel 0 current value	
4x01	AD channel 1 current value	
4x02	AD channel 2 current value	
4x03	AD channel 3 current value	
4x08	AD channel 0 PID digital output	
4x09	AD channel 1 PID digital output	
4x10	AD channel 2 PID digital output	
4x11	AD channel 3 PID digital output	

(4) Modbus write word address

Modbus address (decimal)	Function	Remark
4x130	AD channel 0 set value	
4x131	AD channel 1 set value	
4x132	AD channel 2 set value	
4x133	AD channel 3 set value	
4x134	AD channel 0 parameter P	
4x135	AD channel 0 parameter I	

4x136	AD channel 0 parameter D	
4x137	AD channel 0 parameter DIFF	
4x138	AD channel 1 parameter P	
4x139	AD channel 1 parameter I	
4x140	AD channel 1 parameter D	
4x141	AD channel 1 parameter DIFF	
4x142	AD channel 2 parameter P	
4x143	AD channel 2 parameter I	
4x144	AD channel 2 parameter D	
4x145	AD channel 2 parameter DIFF	
4x146	AD channel 3 parameter P	
4x147	AD channel 3 parameter I	
4x148	AD channel 3 parameter D	
4x149	AD channel 3 parameter DIFF	
4x150	AD channel 0 control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x151	AD channel 1 control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x152	AD channel 2 control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x153	AD channel 3 control period	Min 0.5s, max 200s
4x154	AD channel 0 modify current value	To change current value

4x155	AD channel 1 modify current value	To change current value
4x156	AD channel 2 modify current value	To change current value
4x157	AD channel 3 modify current value	To change current value
4x158	AD channel 0 self-study output range	0%~100%
4x159	AD channel 1 self-study output range	0%~100%
4x160	AD channel 2 self-study output range	0%~100%
4x161	AD channel 3 self-study output range	0%~100%
4x162	AD channel 0 difference value setting	
4x163	AD channel 1 difference value setting	
4x164	AD channel 2 difference value setting	
4x165	AD channel 3 difference value setting	

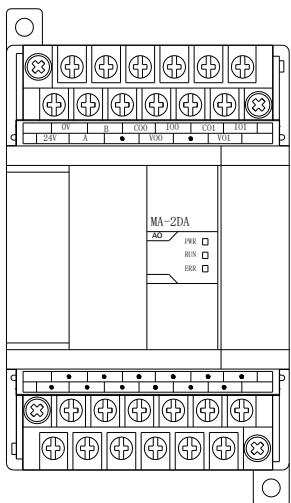
## 7.6 Application example

Please refer to the application example of MA-8AD.

## 8. MA-2DA analog output module

### 8.1 Characteristic and specs

MA-2DA analog output module transforms 2 channels digital quantities into analog value, then connects with other devices via Modbus protocol.



#### Module characteristics:

- 2 channels analog output
- 10 bits high precision analog output

Item	Analog output (2DA)	
Output type	Voltage output	Current output
Analog output range	0~5V、0~10V, (Exterior load resistor 2KΩ~1MΩ)	0~20mA、4~20mA (Exterior load resistor less than 500Ω)
Digital input	10 bits ( 0~1023 )	
Resolution	1/1023(10Bit)	
Integrated	0.8%	
Convert speed	3ms/1 channel	
Power for	DC24V±10%, 100mA	
Installation	Use M3 screw or fix on the DIN46277 ( width 35mm )	
Profile	63mm×102mm×73.3mm	

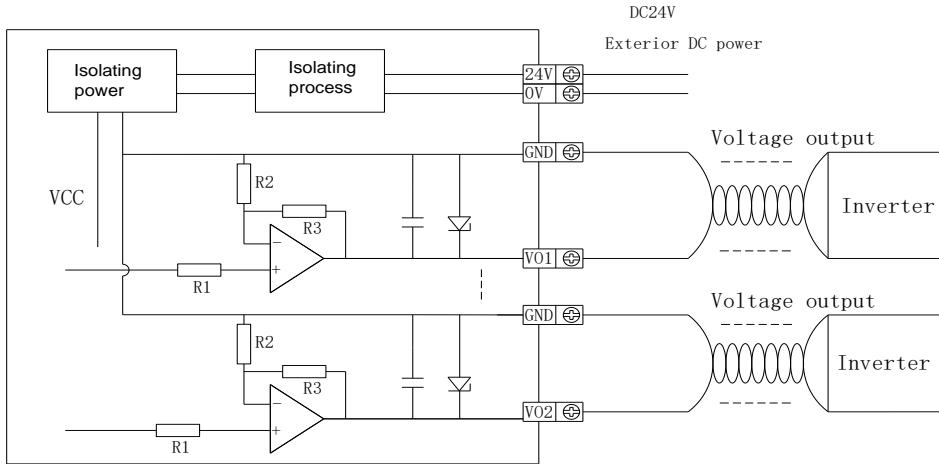
## 8.2 Points explanation

	0V	B	C00	I00	C01	I01	
	24V	A	•	V00	•	V01	

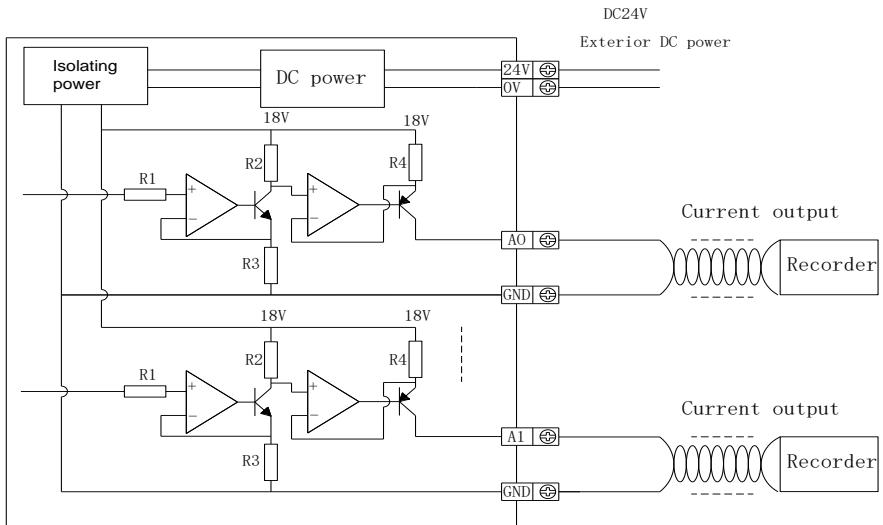
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 8.3 Exterior connection

(1) For MA-2DA voltage output connection is as below:



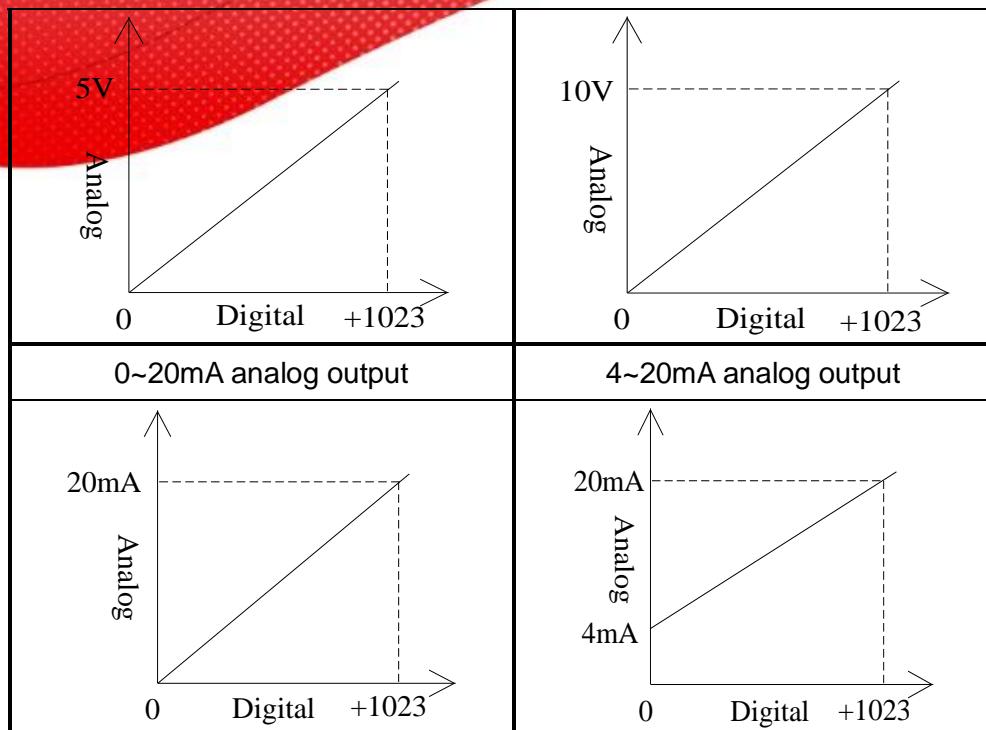
(2) For MA-2DA current output connection is as below:



## 8.4 DA transformation diagram

0~5V analog output

0~10V analog output



## 8.5 MA-2DA address assignment

(1) Modbus write bit address:

Modbus address ( decimal )	Function	Remark	
0x128	DA channel 0 output mode configure bit	0 : voltage 1: current	
0x129	DA channel 1 output mode configure bit	0 : voltage 1: current	
0x136	DA channel 0 output range configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v 1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA 1: 4~20mA
0x137	DA channel 1 output range configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v 1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA 1:

4~20mA

(2)Modbus write word address:

Modbus address (decimal )	Function	Remark
4x128	DA channel 0 output value	10 bits
4x129	DA channel 1 output value	10 bits

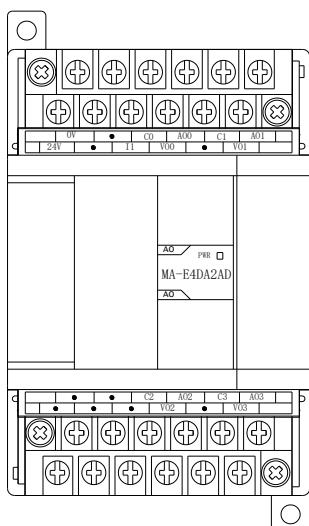
## 8.6 Application example

Please refer to the example of MA-4DA.

## 9. MA-4AD2DA analog I/O module

### 9.1 Characteristic and specs

MA-4AD2DA analog I/O module transforms 4 channels analog input value into digital value and 2 channels digital value into analog value, then connects with other devices via Modbus protocol.



#### Module characteristic:

- 4 channels analog input: voltage/current mode selectable.  
Voltage input: 0~5V, 0~10V selectable  
Current input: 0~20mA, 4~20mA selectable
- 2 channels analog output
- 12 bits high precision analog input and 10 bits high precision analog output
- 4 AD channels have PID function

Item	Analog input ( 4AD )		Analog output ( 2DA )			
	Voltage input	Current input	Voltage output	Current output		
Analog	0~5V,0~10V	0~20mA,4~20	-	-		
Max input	DC±18V	0~40mA	-	-		
Analog output range	-		0~5V、0~10V, ( exterior load resistor )	0~20mA、 4~20mA (exterior load)		
Digital input	-		10 bits binary number (0~1023)			
Digital	12 bits binary number (0~4095)		-			
Resolution	1/4095(12Bit)		1/1023(10Bit)			
PID output	0~K4095					
Integrated	0.8%					
Conversion	20ms/1 channel		3ms/1 channel			
Power supply for	DC24V±10%, 100mA					
Installation	Use M3 screw or fix on the DIN46277 ( width 35mm ) rail					
Profile	63mm×102mm×73.3mm					

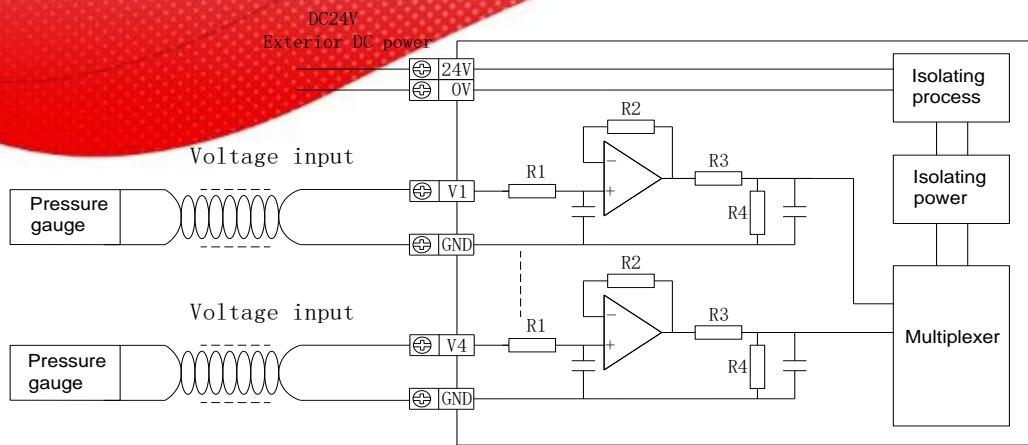
## 9.2 Points explanation

	0V	•	B	V01	V02	C01	
	24V	•	A	I01	C00	I02	

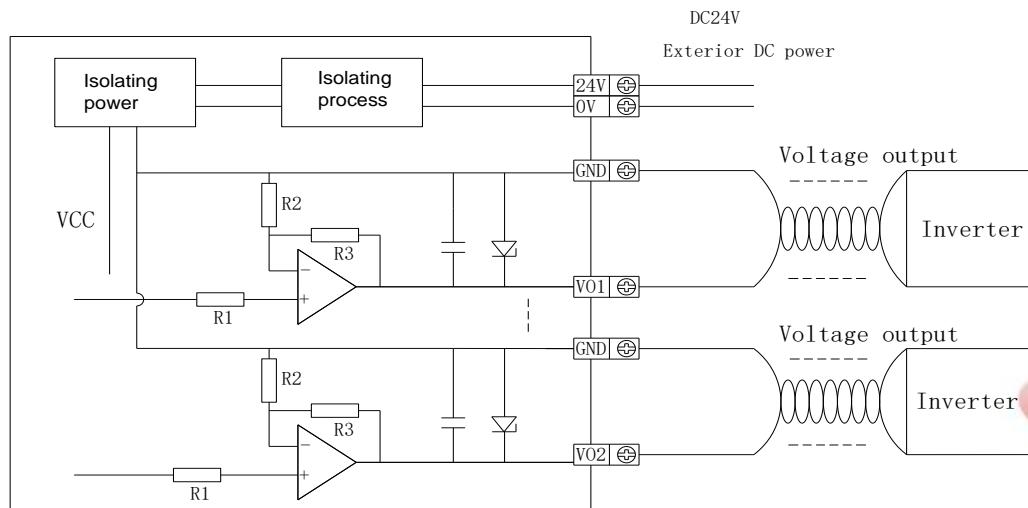
	AI0	VI1	CI1	AI3	VI4	CI3	
	VI0	CI0	AI1	VI3	CI2	AI4	

## 9.3 Exterior connection

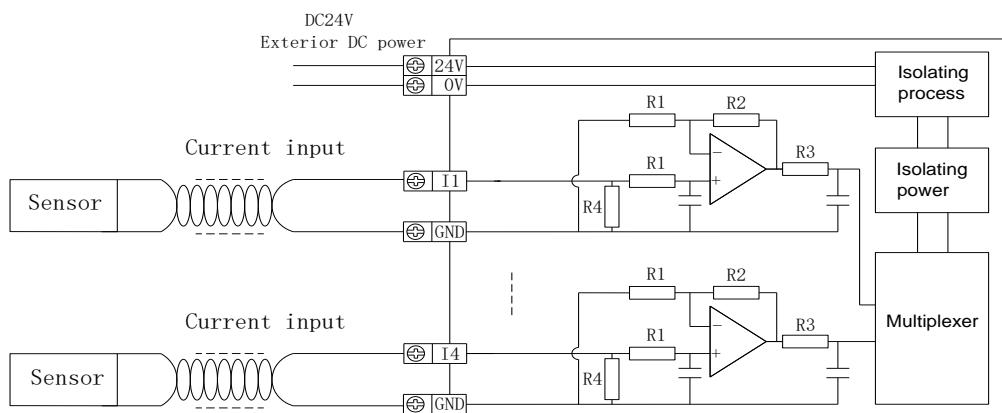
(1) For MA-4AD2DA voltage analog input points connection is as below:



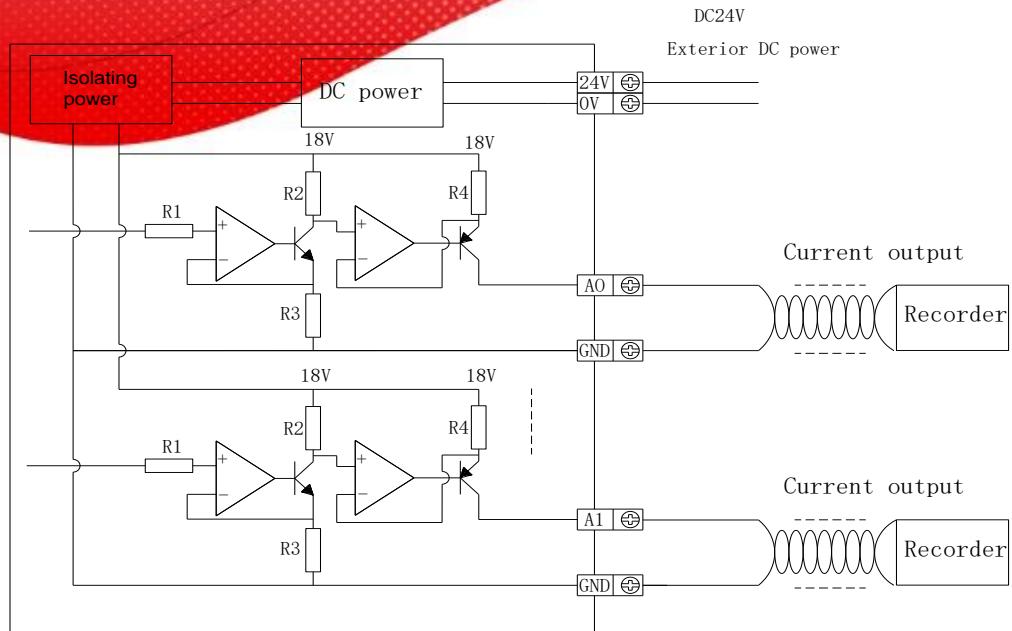
(2) For MA-4AD2DA voltage analog output points connection is as below:



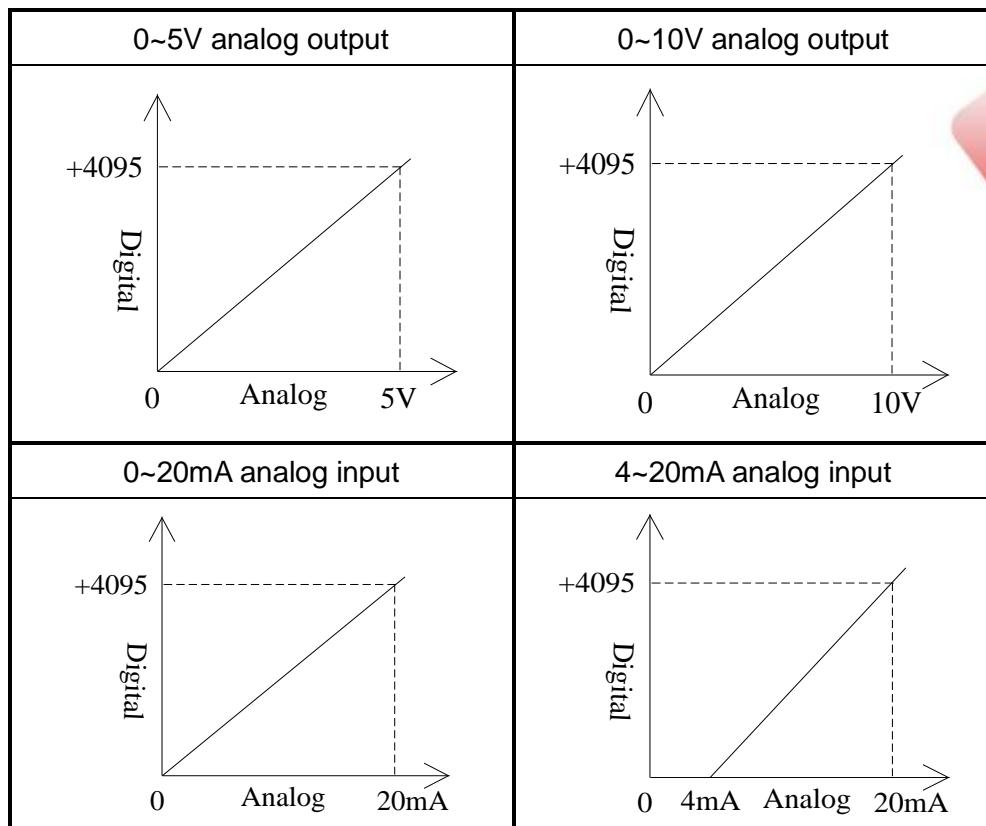
(3) For MA-4AD2DA current analog input points connection is as below:

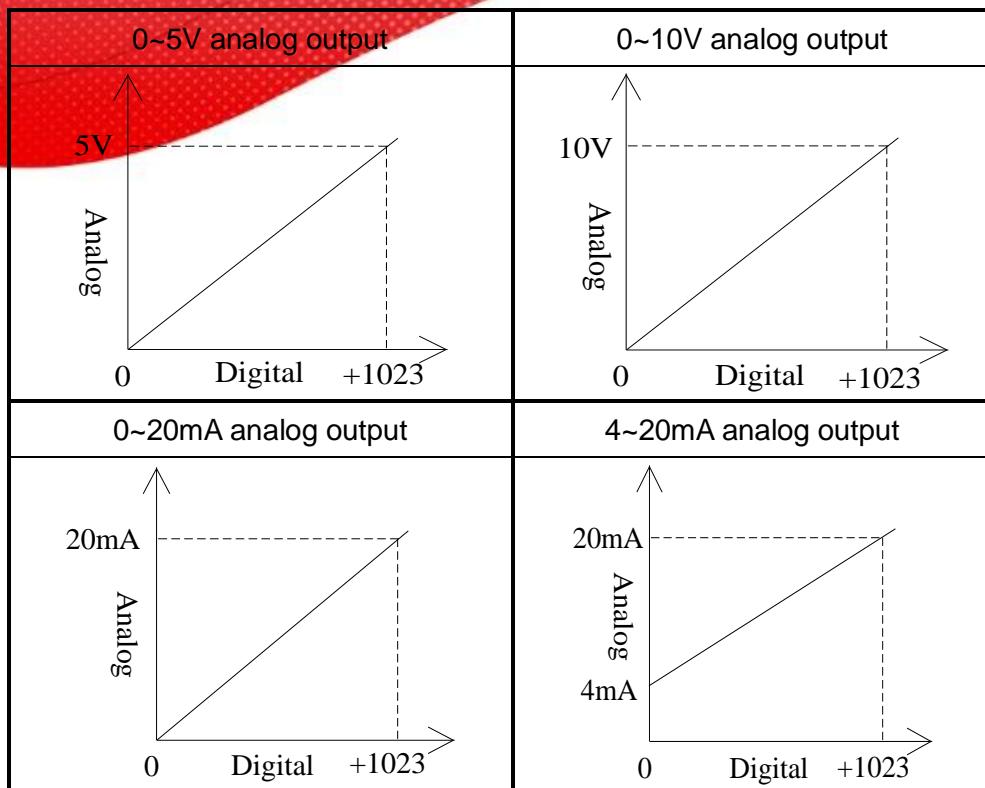


(4) For MA-4Ad2DA current analog output points connection is as below:



**9.4 AD and DA transformation diagram**





## 9.5 I/O address assignment

### (1) Modbus read bit address

Modbus address ( decimal )	Description	Remark	
		0	1
0x00	AD channel 0 PID control result	Close	Output
0x01	AD channel 1 PID control result	Close	Output
0x02	AD channel 2 PID control result	Close	Output
0x03	AD channel 3 PID control result	Close	Output
0x08	AD channel 0 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x09	AD channel 1 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x10	AD channel 2 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x11	AD channel 3 Open circuit check	Normal	Open
0x12	AD channel 0 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x13	AD channel 1 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x14	AD channel 2 Self-study error check	Normal	Error
0x15	AD channel 3 Self-study error check	Normal	Error

(2) Modbus write bit address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark		
0x128	AD channel 0 Input mode configure bit	0:	voltage	1: current
0x129	AD channel 1 Input mode configure bit	0:	voltage	1: current
0x130	AD channel 2 Input mode configure bit	0:	voltage	1: current
0x131	AD channel 3 Input mode configure bit	0:	voltage	1: current
0x136	AD channel 0 Input mode configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v	1: 0~5v
		current	0: 10~20mA	1: 4~20mA
0x137	AD channel 1 Input mode configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10	1: v0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA	1: 4~20mA
0x138	AD channel 2 Input mode configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v	1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA	1: 4~20mA
0x139	AD channel 3 Input mode configure bit	voltage	0: 0~10v	1: 0~5v
		current	0: 0~20mA	1: 4~20mA
0x144	DA channel 0 Output mode configure bit	0:	voltage	1: current
0x145	DA channel 1 Output mode configure bit	0:	voltage	1: current
0x152	DA channel 0 Input range configure bit	voltage	0: 20mA	1: 4~20mA
		current	0: 0~10	1: 0~5v
0x153	DA channel 1 Input range configure bit	voltage	0: 20mA	1: 4~20mA
		current	0: 0~10v	1: 0~5v
0x160	AD channel 0 PID enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x161	AD channel 1 PID enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x162	AD channel 2 PID enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x163	AD channel 3 PID enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x168	AD channel 0 Self-study enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x169	AD channel 1 Self-study enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x170	AD channel 2 Self-study enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x171	AD channel 3 Self-study enable bit	0:	close	1: enable
0x176	AD channel 0 Action selection bit	0:	negative action	1: positive action
0x177	AD channel 1 Action selection bit	0:	negative action	1: positive action
0x178	AD channel 2 Action selection bit	0:	negative action	1: positive action
0x179	AD channel 3 Action selection bit	0:	negative action	1: positive action

(3) Modbus read word address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
4x00	AD channel 0 Current value	
4x01	AD channel 1 Current value	
4x02	AD channel 2 Current value	
4x03	AD channel 3 Current value	
4x08	AD channel 0 PID digital output	
4x09	AD channel 1 PID digital output	
4x10	AD channel 2 PID digital output	
4x11	AD channel 3 PID digital output	

(4) Modbus write word address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
4x128	DA channel 0 Output value	10 bits
4x129	DA channel 1 Output value	10 bits
4x130	AD channel 0 Setting value	
4x131	AD channel 1 Setting value	
4x132	AD channel 2 Setting value	
4x133	AD channel 3 Setting value	
4x134	AD channel 0 Parameter P	
4x135	AD channel 0 Parameter I	
4x136	AD channel 0 Parameter D	
4x137	AD channel 0 Parameter DIFF	
4x138	AD channel 1 Parameter P	
4x139	AD channel 1 Parameter I	
4x140	AD channel 1 Parameter D	
4x141	AD channel 1 Parameter DIFF	
4x142	AD channel 2 Parameter P	
4x143	AD channel 2 Parameter I	
4x144	AD channel 2 Parameter D	
4x145	AD channel 2 Parameter DIFF	
4x146	AD channel 3 Parameter P	
4x147	AD channel 3 Parameter I	

4x148	AD channel 3 Parameter D	
4x149	AD channel 3 Parameter DIFF	
4x150	AD channel 0 Control period	Min 0.5s max 200s
4x151	AD channel 1 Control period	Min 0.5s max 200s
4x152	AD channel 2 Control period	Min 0.5s max 200s
4x153	AD channel 3 Control period	Min 0.5s max 200s
4x154	AD channel 0 Modify current value	Change the current value
4x155	AD channel 1 Modify current value	Change the current value
4x156	AD channel 2 Modify current value	Change the current value
4x157	AD channel 3 Modify current value	Change the current value
4x158	AD channel 0 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x159	AD channel 1 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x160	AD channel 2 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x161	AD channel 3 Self-study output range	0%~100%
4x162	AD channel 0 Difference value setting	
4x163	AD channel 1 Difference value setting	
4x164	AD channel 2 Difference value setting	
4x165	AD channel 3 Difference value setting	

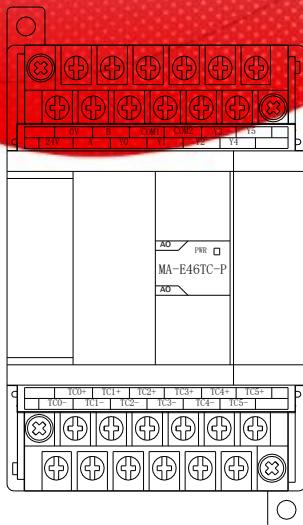
## 9.6 Application example

MA-4AD2DA module has 4 channels analog input ( with PID function ) and 2 channels analog output. For practical application, please see the application of MA-8AD and MA-4DA.

## 10 Type K thermocouple temperature control module MA-6TC-P

### 10.1 Module characteristic and specs

MA-6TC-P temperature PID control module can deal with 6 channels type K thermocouple temperature signal, connect with other devices via Modbus protocol.



#### Module characteristic:

- Input type K thermocouple temperature signal
- 6 channels input, 6 channels output, 6 channels
- PID self-study function
- Precision is 1°C

Item	Specs
Using environment	0°C~60°C
Measure temperature	0°C~1000°C
Digital output range	0~4095, 12 bits with sign, binary
Precision	1°C
Integrated precision	1°C
Conversion speed	20ms/1 channel
Power supply for	DC24V±10%, 50mA
Installation	Use M3 screw or fix on DIN46277 ( width 35mm ) rail
Profile dimension	63mm×102mm×73.3mm

#### Notice:

- (1) the channel data is 0 when no signal input
- (2) Connect type K thermocouple according to practical needs
- (3) The device installed with thermocouple should be grounded

## 10.2 Points explanation

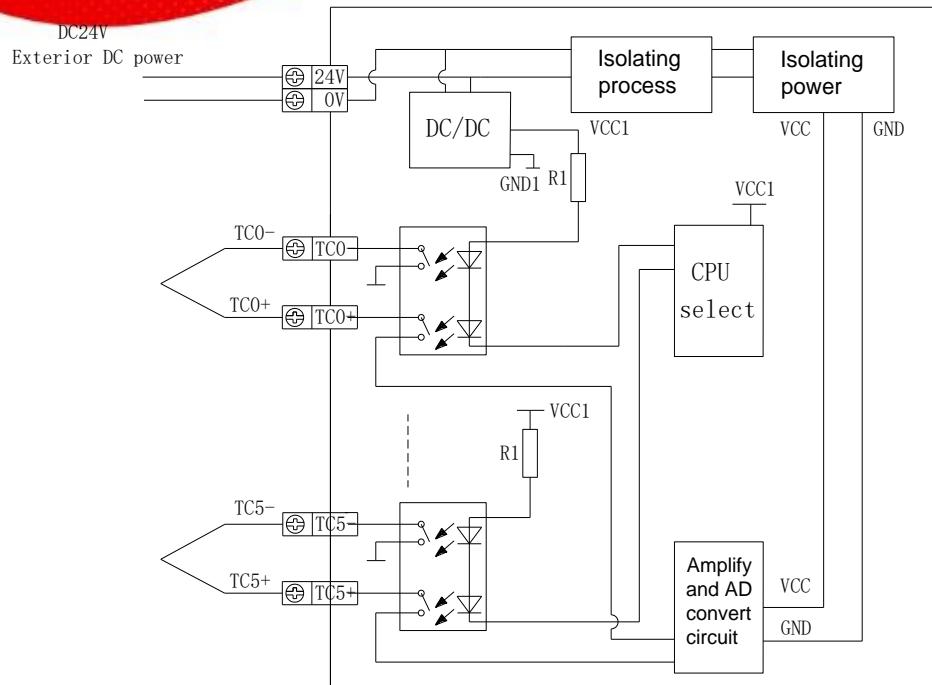
The points arrangement of MA-6TC-P are as below:

	0V	B	COM0	COM1	Y3	Y5	
	24V	A	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y4	

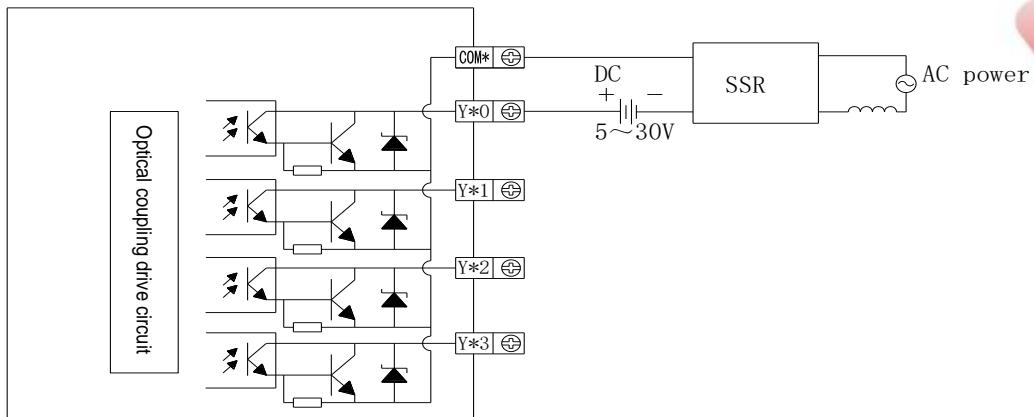
	TC0+	TC1+	TC2+	TC3+	TC4+	TC5+	
	TC0-	TC1-	TC2-	TC3-	TC4-	TC5-	

### 10.3 Exterior connection

(1) For MA-6TC-P, input points connection is as below:



(2) For MA-6TC-P, the output points connection is as below:



- Output points: transistor output points, please choose DC5V~30V smooth power supply.
- Circuit insulation: it is optical coupling between PLC interior circuit and output transistor, each common module is also separated.
- Respond time: the time is less than 2ms from the PLC drive ( open circuit ) the optical coupler to the ON/OFF of transistor.
- Output current: every point can electrify 0.8A, but in order to prevent from temperature increasing, please use as 1.2A every 4 points or 2.0A every 8 points.
- Open circuit leakage current: less than 0.1mA.

## 10.4 I/O address assignment

### 10.4.1 Modbus read address

(1) bit address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
0x00	Channel 0 PID control result	Switch quantity, corresponding to the ON/OFF state of channel's exterior relay
0x01	Channel 1 PID control result	
0x02	Channel 2 PID control result	
0x03	Channel 3 PID control result	
0x04	Channel 4 PID control result	
0x05	Channel 5 PID control result	
0x06	-	
0x07	-	
0x08	Channel 0 open circuit check bit	If one of the 6 channels is open or short, its channel state bit is 1, if normal the state is 0.
0x09	Channel 1 open circuit check bit	
0x10	Channel 2 open circuit check bit	
0x11	Channel 3 open circuit check bit	
0x12	Channel 4 open circuit check bit	
0x13	Channel 5 open circuit check bit	
0x14	-	
0x15	-	
0x16	Channel 0 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x17	Channel 1 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x18	Channel 2 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x19	Channel 3 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x20	Channel 4 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x21	Channel 5 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error

(2) word address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
4x00	Channel 0 Current temperature	Display current temperature, unit 1°C
4x01	Channel 1 Current temperature	
4x02	Channel 2 Current temperature	
4x03	Channel 3 Current temperature	

4x04	Channel 4 Current temperature	
4x05	Channel 5 Current temperature	
4x06	Channel 0 Output value	Digital quantity: 0~4095 Display current PID output range
4x07	Channel 1 Output value	
4x08	Channel 2 Output value	
4x09	Channel 3 Output value	
4x10	Channel 4 Output value	
4x11	Channel 5 Output value	

#### 10.4.2 Modbus write bit address

(1) bit address

Modbus address (decimal)	Description	Remark
0x128	Channel 0 PID Control enable signal	When this signal is set on, the PID control enable bit of this channel are opened; the PID control process is closed when reset these bits. All channels are closed when the power is on.
0x129	Channel 1 PID Control enable signal	
0x130	Channel 2 PID Control enable signal	
0x131	Channel 3 PID Control enable signal	
0x132	Channel 4 PID Control enable signal	
0x133	Channel 5 PID Control enable signal	
0x134	-	
0x135	-	
0x136	Channel 0 Self-study enable signal	Under the condition of the channel enable bit is set on, set on the self-study bit to start self-study; when the self-study bit is 0, it means the self-study process end or close.
0x137	Channel 1 Self-study enable signal	
0x138	Channel 2 Self-study enable signal	
0x139	Channel 3 Self-study enable signal	
0x140	Channel 4 Self-study enable signal	
0x141	Channel 5 Self-study enable signal	

(2) word address:

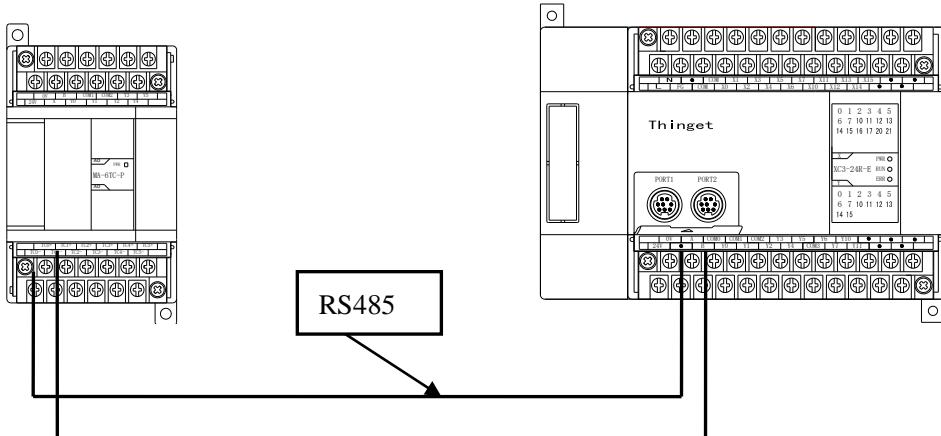
Modbus address ( decimal )	Description	Remark
4x128	Channel 0 Setting temperature	Control the target temperature value.adjust range is 0~1000°C.
4x129	Channel 1 Setting temperature	
4x130	Channel 2 Setting temperature	
4x131	Channel 3 Setting temperature	
4x132	Channel 4 Setting temperature	
4x133	Channel 5 Setting temperature	
4x134	Channel 0 PID parameter P	The module PID parameters are modified after self-study process is completed; if users are not satisfied with the PID parameters, they can modify them directly. Parameter Diff means PID control is functional in the area of set temperature±Diff, the unit is 0.1°C, the defaulted value is 100; if the temperature is less than set temperature-Diff ( positive action ), PID output is the maximum value; if the temperature is more than set temperature+Diff, the PID output is the minimum value.
4x135	Channel 0 PID parameter I	
4x136	Channel 0 PID parameter D	
4x137	Channel 0 PID parameter Diff	
4x138	Channel 1 PID parameter P	
4x139	Channel 1 PID parameter I	
4x140	Channel 1 PID parameter D	
4x141	Channel 1 PID parameter Diff	
4x142	Channel 2 PID parameter P	
4x143	Channel 2 PID parameter I	
4x144	Channel 2 PID parameter D	
4x145	Channel 2 PID parameter Diff	
4x146	Channel 3 PID parameter P	
4x147	Channel 3 PID parameter I	
4x148	Channel 3 PID parameter D	
4x149	Channel 3 PID parameter Diff	
4x150	Channel 4 PID parameter P	
4x151	Channel 4 PID parameter I	
4x152	Channel 4 PID parameter D	
4x153	Channel 4 PID parameter Diff	
4x154	Channel 5 PID parameter P	
4x155	Channel 5 PID parameter I	
4x156	Channel 5 PID parameter D	
4x157	Channel 5 PID parameter Diff	
4x158	Channel 0 Temperature control period	Control period adjust range is 0.5~200s, minimum precision is 0.1s. The unit is 0.1s, it means you need to write 5 while the actual period is 0.5s.
4x159	Channel 1 Temperature control period	
4x160	Channel 2 Temperature control period	
4x161	Channel 3 Temperature control period	

4x162	Channel 4 Temperature control period	
4x163	Channel 5 Temperature control period	
4x164	Channel 0 Actual temperature	
4x165	Channel 1 Actual temperature	
4x166	Channel 2 Actual temperature	
4x167	Channel 3 Actual temperature	
4x168	Channel 4 Actual temperature	
4x169	Channel 5 Actual temperature	Actual temperature: the users can set the actual temperature when they found the actual temperature is different from the displayed temperature, the unit is 0.1°C (the write method is the same as "the set temperature"). When the module is written into this value, temperature difference value $\delta$ = actual temperature – sampling temperature.
4x170	Channel 0 Self-study output range	
4x171	Channel 1 Self-study output range	
4x172	Channel 2 Self-study output range	
4x173	Channel 3 Self-study output range	
4x174	Channel 4 Self-study output range	
4x175	Channel 5 Self-study output range	
4x176	Channel 0 Temperature difference	Unit: 1°C
4x177	Channel 1 Temperature difference	Unit: 1°C
4x178	Channel 2 Temperature difference	Unit: 1°C
4x179	Channel 3 Temperature difference	Unit: 1°C
4x120	Channel 4 Temperature difference	Unit: 1°C
4x121	Channel 5 Temperature difference	Unit: 1°C

## 10.5 Application example

This example is based on the communication between the PLC and MA-6TC to do the PID self-study process.

(1) Hardware connection: connect the RS485 com port A, B of MA-6TC and the PLC.



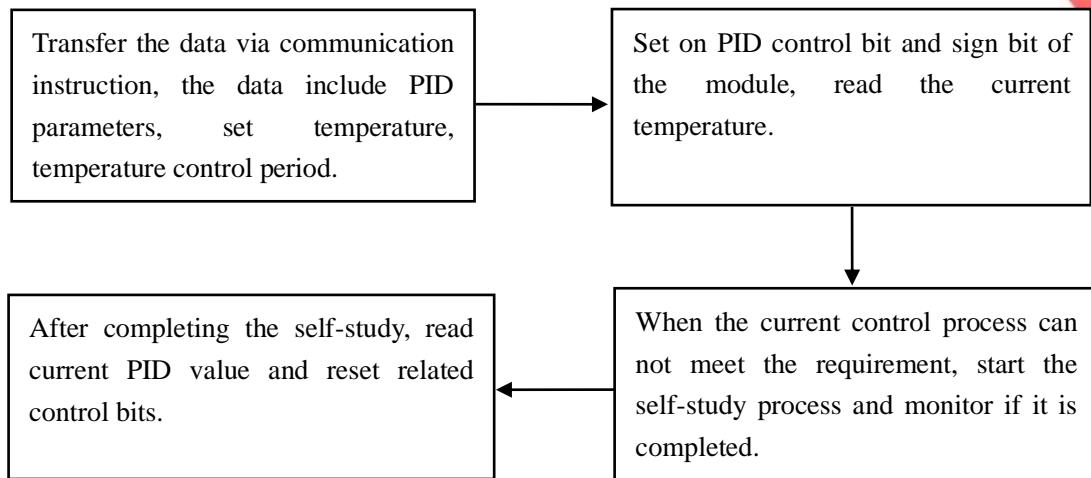
(2) Communication parameter setting: baud rate is 19200bps, module station number is 1.

For MA-6TC: baud rate 19200bps, set switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF;

Station number 1, set switch 1-OFF, 2-OFF, 3-OFF, 4-OFF.

For the PLC: com2 baud rate 19200bps, write into the PLC and restart.

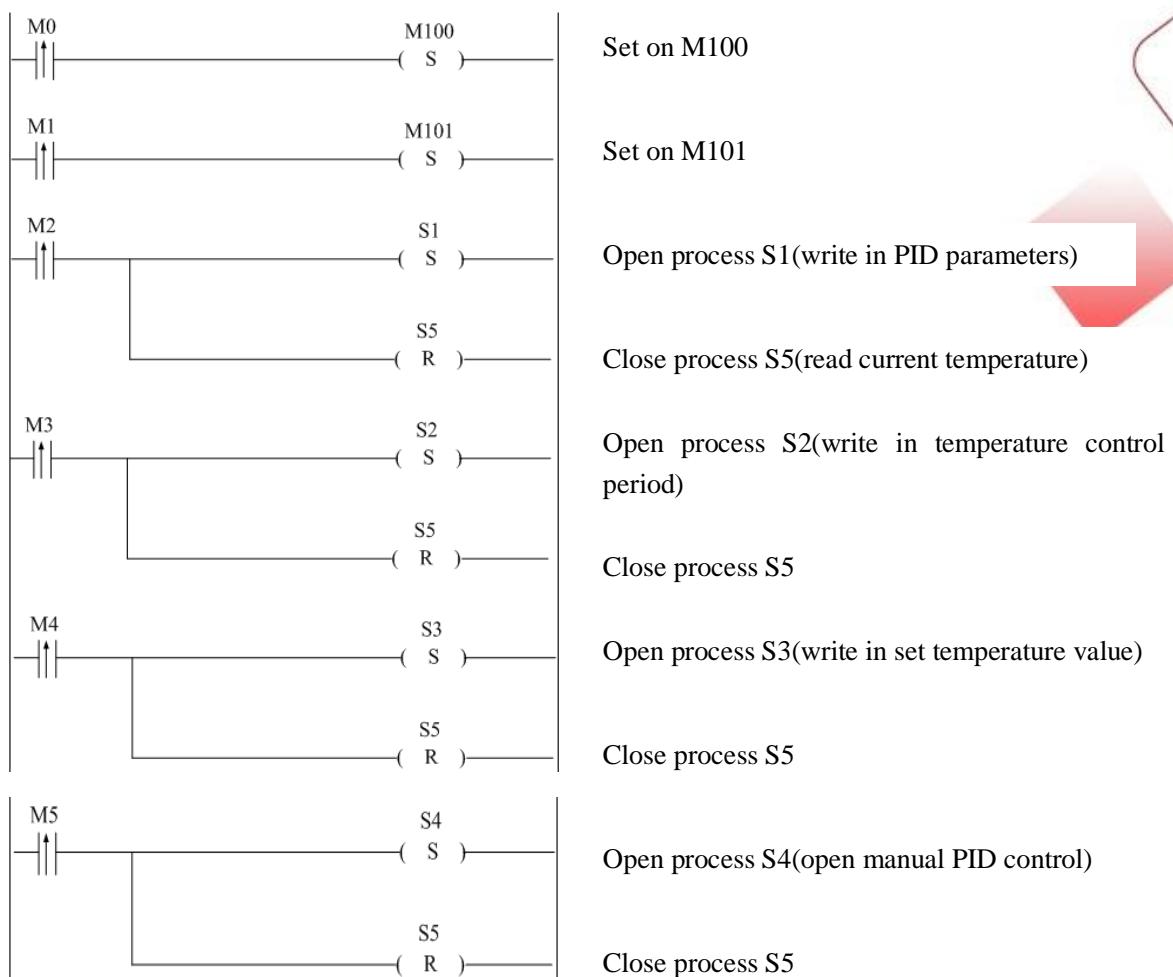
(3) The whole process:

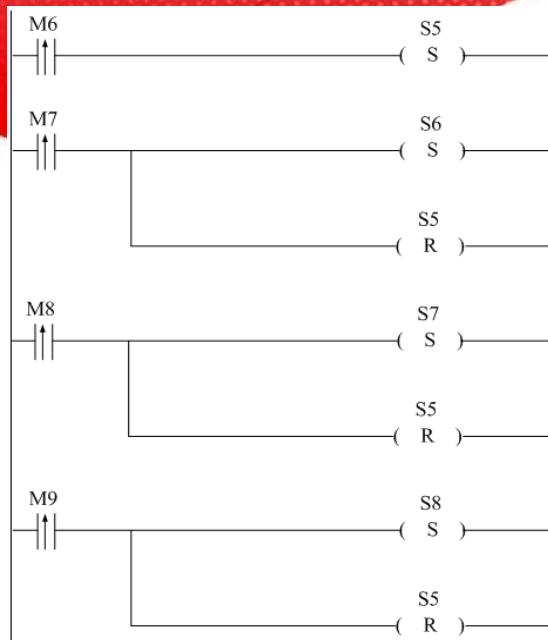


(4) Corresponding address

PLC address	MA Modbus address	Note
D1	K134	Channel 0 parameter P setting
D2	K135	Channel 0 parameter I setting
D3	K136	Channel 0 parameter D setting
D4	K137	Channel 0 parameter Diff setting
D5	K128	Channel 0 temperature set value
D6	K158	Channel 0 temperature control period
D7	K0	Channel 0 current temperature
D10	K134	Channel 0 parameter P display
D11	K135	Channel 0 parameter I display
D12	K136	Channel 0 parameter D display
D13	K137	Channel 0 parameter Diff display
M100	K128	Channel 0 PID enable bit
M101	K134	Channel 0 self-study enable bit

#### (5) ladder chart





Open process S5

Open process S6(self-study control)

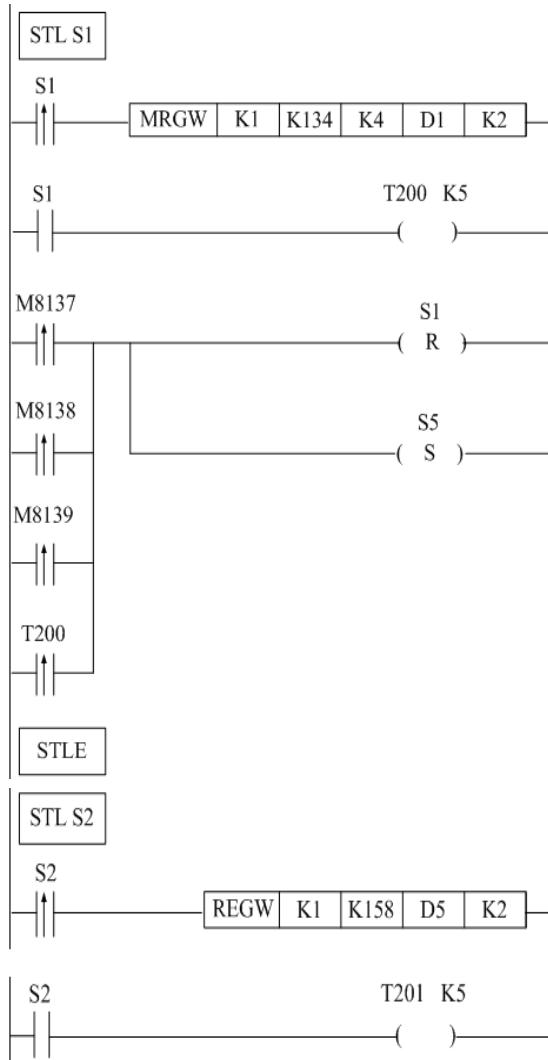
Close process S5

Open process S7(read self-study state)

Close process S5

Open process S8(read PID parameters)

Close process S5



Start process S1

Write the value of D1~D4(PLC) to K134~K137(MA), i.e. channel 0 PID parameters

Delay for 50ms

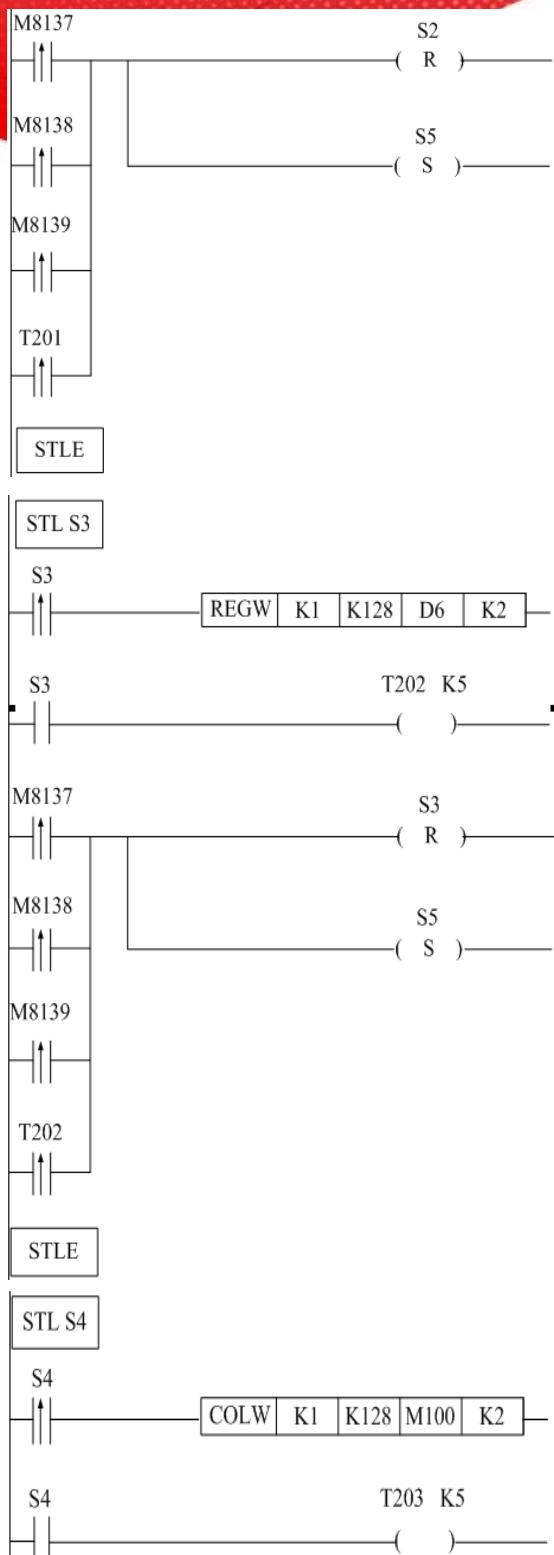
Close process S1 and open process S5 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S1

Start process S2

Write the value of D5(PLC) to K158(MA), i.e. channel 0 temperature control period

Delay for 50ms



Close process S2 and open process S5 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S2

Start process S3

Write the value of D6(PLC) to K128(MA), i.e. channel 0 set temperature value

Delay for 50ms

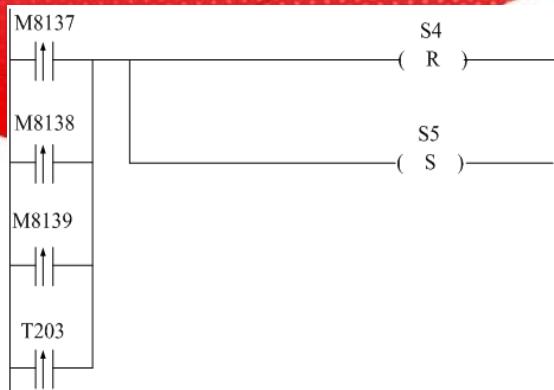
Close process S3 and open process S5 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S3

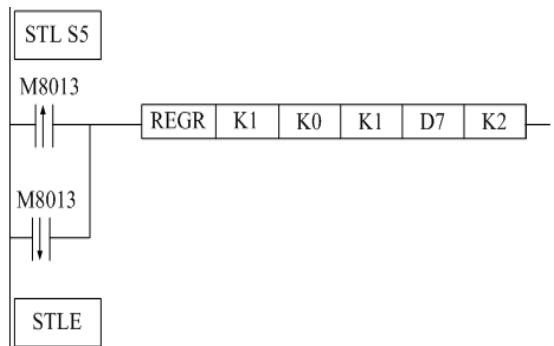
Start process S4

Write the value of M100(PLC) to K128(MA), i.e. open channel 0 PID enable bit

Delay for 50ms



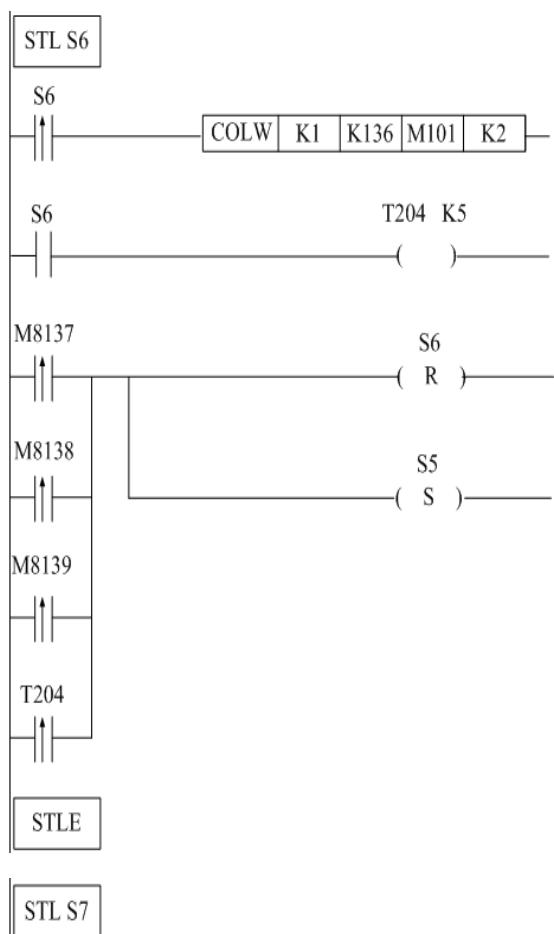
Close process S2 and open process S5 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over



End of process S4

Read the value of K0(MA) to D7(PLC) every 500ms, i.e. channel 0 current temperature

End of process S5



Start process S6

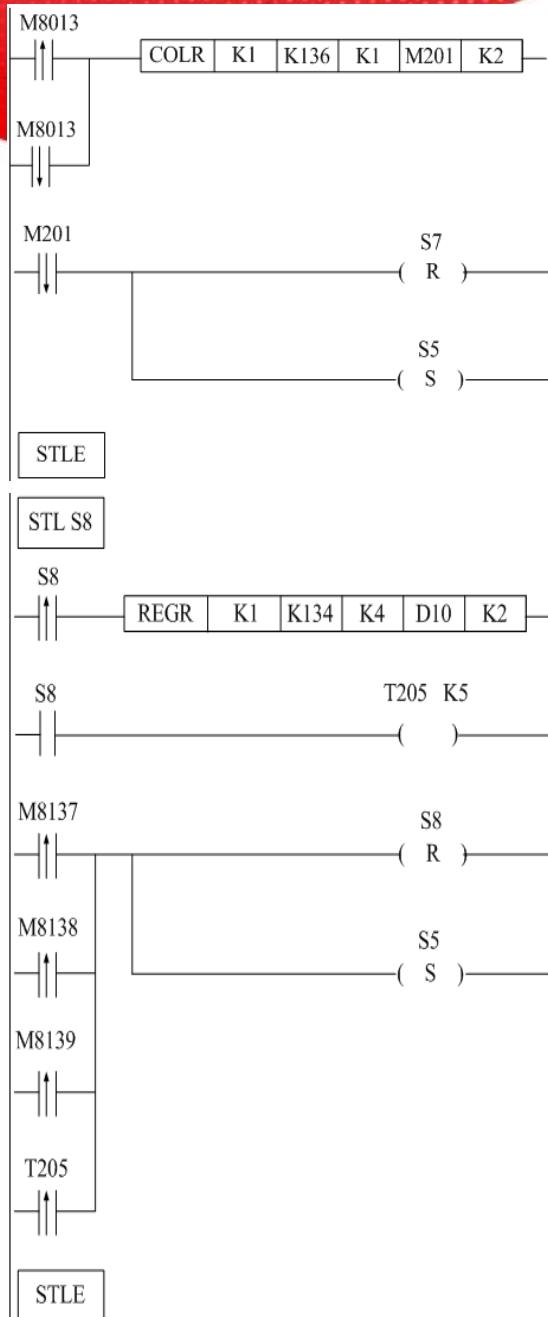
Write the value of M101(PLC) to K136(MA), open channel 0 self-study enable bit

Delay for 50ms

Close process S6 and open process S5 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S6

Start process S7



Read the value of K136(MA) to M201(PLC) every 500ms, i.e. channel 0 self-study state bit

Close process S7 and open process S5

End of process S7

Start process S8

Read the value of K134~K137(MA) to D10~D13(PLC), i.e. channel 0 PID parameters

Delay for 50ms

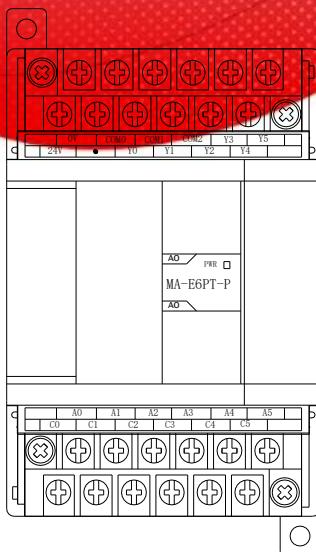
Close process S8 and open process S5 when data transfer are completed or 50ms is over

End of process S8

## 11 PT100 temperature control module MA-6PT-P

### 11.1 Module characteristic and specs

MA-6PT-P can deal with 6 channels' PT100 temperature signals, construct the industry control system with other devices based on Modbus protocol.



#### Module characteristic:

- Pt hot resistance input, degree number is PT100
- 6 channels input, 6 channels output, 6 channels individual PID self-study function
- 1mA constant current output, will not be interfered by outside environment
- Resolution precision is 0.1°C

Item	Description
Analog input signal	Pt100 Pt hot resistance
Measure temperature	-100°C~350°C
Digital output range	Full-scale 4095, 12 bits with sign, binary
Control precision	±0.1°C
Resolution	0.1°C
Integrated precision	0.8% ( related maximum )
Conversion speed	20ms/1 channel
Power supply for	DC24V±10%, 50mA
Installation	Use M3 screw or fix on DIN46277 rail ( width 35mm )
Profile dimension	63mm×102mm×73.3mm

Notice: (1) The channel data is 0 when no signal input  
(2) Connect Pt100 Pt hot resistance according to actual needs

#### 11.2 Points explanation

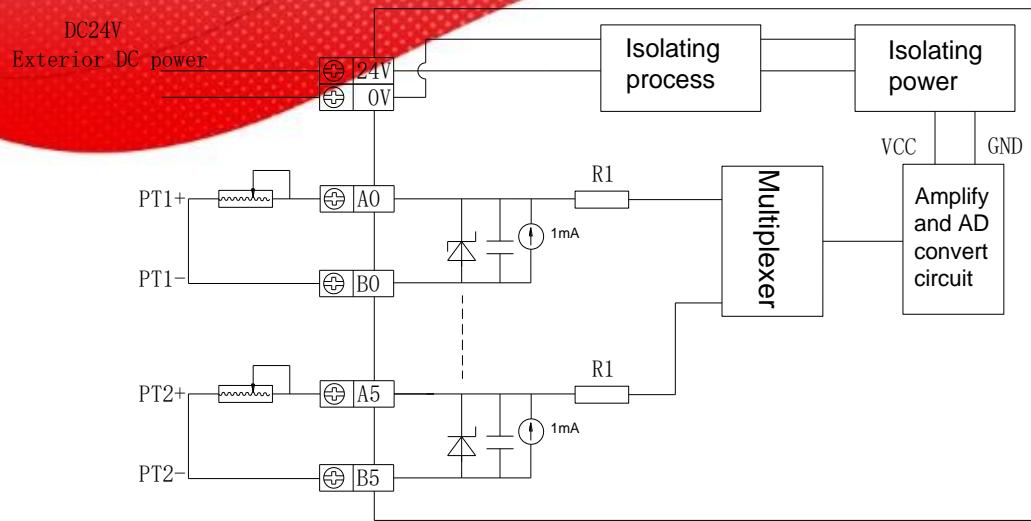
The points arrangement of MA-6PT-P are as below:

	OV	B	Y0	Y2	Y3	Y5	
	24V	A	COM0	Y1	COM1	Y4	

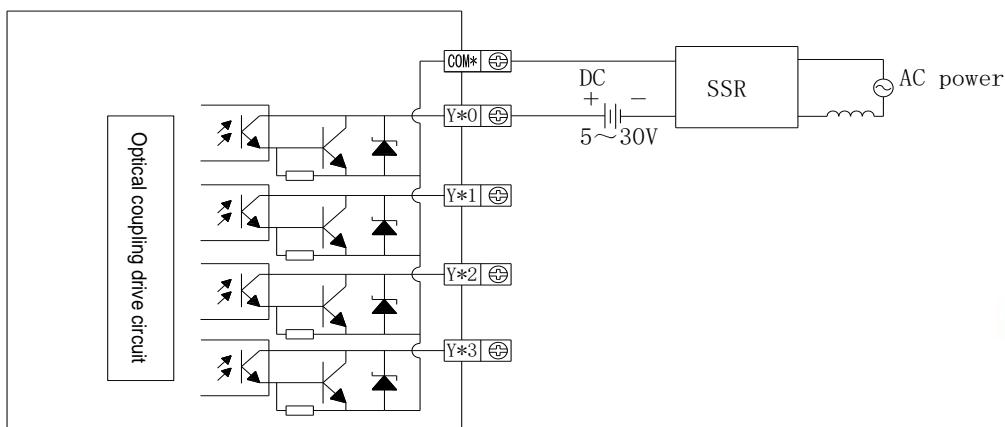
	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	
	A0	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	

#### 11.3 Exterior connection

(1) For MA-6PT-P, the input points connection is as below:



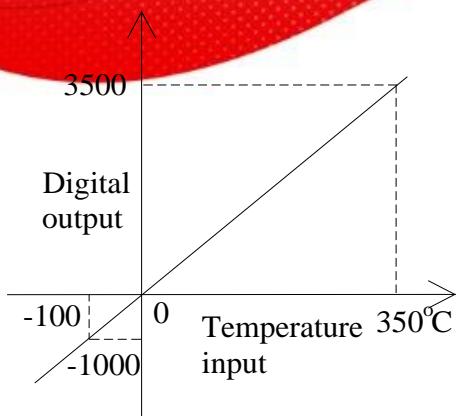
(2)For MA-6PT-P, the output points connection is as below:



Please pay attention to below notes when connecting PT100:

- When connecting +24 power supply, please use the power on PLC to prevent from interference.
- Shielding the signal wire to prevent from interference.

## 11.4 Pt input characteristic curve



## 11.5 I/O module address

### 11.5.1 Modbus read address

(1) bit address:

Modbus bit address ( decimal )	Description	Remark
0x00	Channel 0 PID control result	Switch quantity, corresponding to the ON/OFF state of the channel's exterior connected relay
0x01	Channel 1 PID control result	
0x02	Channel 2 PID control result	
0x03	Channel 3 PID control result	
0x04	Channel 4 PID control result	
0x05	Channel 5 PID control result	
0x08	Channel 0 open circuit check bit	If one of the 6 channels is open circuit or short, the bit is 1, if normal it is 0.
0x09	Channel 1 open circuit check bit	
0x10	Channel 2 open circuit check bit	
0x11	Channel 3 open circuit check bit	
0x12	Channel 4 open circuit check bit	
0x13	Channel 5 open circuit check bit	
0x14	Channel 0 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x15	Channel 1 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error

0x16	Channel 2 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x17	Channel 3 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x18	Channel 4 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error
0x19	Channel 5 Self-study error check	0: normal 1: error

(2) word address:

Modbus bit address (decimal)	Description	Remark
4x00	Channel 0 Current temperature	Display current temperature, the unit is 0.1°C. e.g. 2000 means the current temperature is 200.0°C.
4x01	Channel 1 Current temperature	
4x02	Channel 2 Current temperature	
4x03	Channel 3 Current temperature	
4x04	Channel 4 Current temperature	
4x05	Channel 5 Current temperature	
4x06	Channel 0 Output value	Display the current PID output range, digital quantity, full-scale is 4095.
4x07	Channel 1 Output value	
4x08	Channel 2 Output value	
4x09	Channel 3 Output value	
4x10	Channel 4 Output value	
4x11	Channel 5 Output value	

### 11.5.2 Modbus write in address

(1) bit address:

Modbus bit address (decimal)	Description	Remark
0x128	Channel 0 PID enable signal	Set on this signal to open PID control enable bit of the channel; close the PID control process when resetting. All of the channels are closed when the power is on.
0x129	Channel 1 PID enable signal	
0x130	Channel 2 PID enable signal	
0x131	Channel 3 PID enable signal	
0x132	Channel 4 PID enable signal	
0x133	Channel 5 PID enable signal	
0x136	Channel 0 Self-study enable signal	After the enable bit of the channel is set on, set on the self-study bit to enter
0x137	Channel 1 Self-study enable	

	signal	into self-study process; when this bit is 0, it means the self-study process is closed or completed.
0x138	Channel 2 Self-study enable signal	
0x139	Channel 3 Self-study enable signal	
0x140	Channel 4 Self-study enable signal	
0x141	Channel 5 Self-study enable signal	
0x144	Channel 0 heating/cooling selection bit	0- heating action; 1-cooling action. All channels are defaulted as heating action when the power is on.
0x145	Channel 1 heating/cooling selection bit	
0x146	Channel 2 heating/cooling selection bit	
0x147	Channel 3 heating/cooling selection bit	
0x148	Channel 4 heating/cooling selection bit	
0x149	Channel 5 heating/cooling selection bit	

(2) output word address:

Modbus bit address ( decimal )	Description	Remark
4x128	Channel 0 Setting temperature	Set temperature: the target temperature. Adjust range is -100.0~+350.0 °C, the precision is 0.1°C. Do not write radix point when writing the temperature, e.g. Write into 500 when temperature is 50.0°C.
4x129	Channel 1 Setting temperature	
4x130	Channel 2 Setting temperature	
4x131	Channel 3 Setting temperature	
4x132	Channel 4 Setting temperature	
4x133	Channel 5 Setting temperature	
4x134	Channel 0 PID Parameter P	The module PID parameters are modified after self-study process is completed; if users are not satisfied with the PID parameters, they can modify them directly. Parameter Diff means PID control
4x135	Channel 0 PID Parameter I	
4x136	Channel 0 PID Parameter D	
4x137	Channel 0 PID Parameter Diff	
4x138	Channel 1 PID Parameter P	
4x139	Channel 1 PID Parameter I	

4x140	Channel 1 PID Parameter D	is functional in the area of set temperature±Diff, the unit is 0.1°C, the defaulted value is 100; if the temperature is less than set temperature-Diff ( heating action ), PID output is the maximum value; if the temperature is more than set temperature+Diff, the PID output is the minimum value.
4x141	Channel 1 PID Parameter Diff	
4x142	Channel 2 PID Parameter P	
4x143	Channel 2 PID Parameter I	
4x144	Channel 2 PID Parameter D	
4x145	Channel 2 PID Parameter Diff	
4x146	Channel 3 PID Parameter P	
4x147	Channel 3 PID Parameter I	
4x148	Channel 3 PID Parameter D	
4x149	Channel 3 PID Parameter Diff	
4x150	Channel 4 PID Parameter P	
4x151	Channel 4 PID Parameter I	
4x152	Channel 4 PID Parameter D	
4x153	Channel 4 PID Parameter Diff	
4x154	Channel 5 PID Parameter P	
4x155	Channel 5 PID Parameter I	
4x156	Channel 5 PID Parameter D	
4x157	Channel 5 PID Parameter Diff	
4x158	Channel 0 Temperature control period	Control period adjust range is 0.5~200s, minimum precision is 0.1s. The unit is 0.1s, it means you need to write 5 while the actual period is 0.5s.
4x159	Channel 1 Temperature control period	
4x160	Channel 2 Temperature control period	
4x161	Channel 3 Temperature control period	
4x162	Channel 4 Temperature control period	
4x163	Channel 5 Temperature control period	
4x164	Channel 0 Actual temperature	Actual temperature: the users can set the actual temperature when they found the actual temperature is different from the displayed temperature, the unit is 0.1°C ( the write method is the same as "the set temperature" ). When the module is written into this value, temperature difference value $\delta = \text{actual temperature} - \text{sampling temperature}$ .
4x165	Channel 1 Actual temperature	
4x166	Channel 2 Actual temperature	
4x167	Channel 3 Actual temperature	
4x168	Channel 4 Actual temperature	
4x169	Channel 5 Actual temperature	
4x170	Channel 0 Self-study output range	
4x171	Channel 1 Self-study output	Self-study output range: the output quantity of self-study, the unit is %, 100 means the mark-space ratio is

	range	
4x172	Channel 2 Self-study output range	100% of the full-scale output, 80 means 80% of the full-scale output.
4x173	Channel 3 Self-study output range	
4x174	Channel 4 Self-study output range	
4x175	Channel 5 Self-study output range	
4x176	Channel 0 Temperature difference value	
4x177	Channel 1 Temperature difference value	(sampling temperature + temperature difference $\delta$ )/10= display temperature. Then the display temperature will be equal or close to actual temperature.
4x178	Channel 2 Temperature difference value	This parameter is signed number, the unit is $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ , it can keep the data if the power is cut, the defaulted value is 0.
4x179	Channel 3 Temperature difference value	
4x180	Channel 4 Temperature difference value	
4x181	Channel 5 Temperature difference value	

## 11.6 Application example

Please see the example of MA-6TC.



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#### NOSSAS FILIAIS

##### Matriz Campinas – SP

Rua Salto, 99  
Jd. do Trevo  
(19) 3045-4900

##### Filial São Paulo – SP

Av. das Nações Unidas,  
18.801 – 11o Andar  
(11) 5514-7680

##### Filial Joinville – SC

R. Almirante Jaceguay, 3659  
Bairro Costa e Silva  
(47) 3425-0042